



Contribution ID: 268

Type: Oral Presentation

## Constraining the Phase Space for Chameleon Dark Energy

Thursday, 14 July 2011 14:15 (15 minutes)

A number of solutions to the dark energy problem have been proposed in literature, the simplest is the cosmological constant  $\Lambda$ . But the cosmological constant lacks theoretical explanation for its extremely small value, thus dark energy is more generally modeled as quintessence scalar field rolling down a flat potential. For the quintessence scalar field to be evolving on cosmological scales today its mass must be of order  $H_0$ , which is the present value of the Hubble constant. A scalar field  $\phi$  whose mass varies with the background energy density was proposed by Khoury and Weltman (2003). This scalar field can evolve cosmologically while having coupling ( $\beta$ ) to different matter fields of order unity. Such a scalar field also couples to photons in the presence of an external magnetic field via the  $\phi F^2$

interaction, where  $F$  stands for the electromagnetic field strength tensor. The chameleon( $\phi$ )-photon coupling of this nature causes a conversion of photons to light Chameleon( $\phi$ ) particles and vice versa. In this work we investigate this effect on pulsars, and we constrain the parameter space of this theory.

Level (Hons, MSc, PhD, other)?

MSc

Consider for a student award (Yes / No)?

Yes

Would you like to submit a short paper for the Conference Proceedings (Yes / No)?

Yes

**Primary author:** Mr SIKHONDE, Muzikayise (University of Cape Town)

**Co-author:** Dr WELTMAN, Amanda (University of Cape Town)

**Presenter:** Mr SIKHONDE, Muzikayise (University of Cape Town)

**Session Classification:** APSS

**Track Classification:** Track D1 - Astrophysics