

10th Inkaba yeAfrica/!Khure Africa (AEON) Conference/Workshop

The sort is the Atrican

Lord Milner Hotel, Matjiesfontein - Karoo 29 September – 3 October 2014

Gypsum Deposits Associated with the Whitehill Formation (Ecca Group) in the Steytlerville-Jansenville Area, Southern Karoo, South Africa

Roberto Daniel Almanza

Supervisor: Professor PWK Booth, NMMU

Co-Supervisor: Professor MJ de Wit, NMMU & AEON

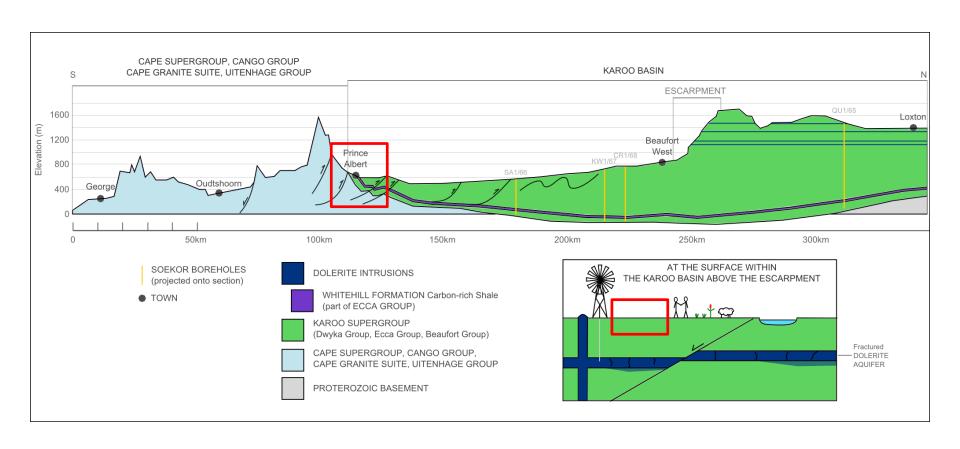






INTRODUCTION





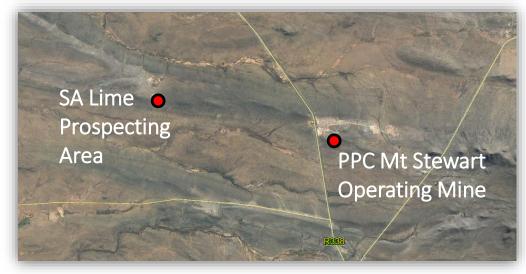


INTRODUCTION













GYPSUM USES

















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GYPSUM USES













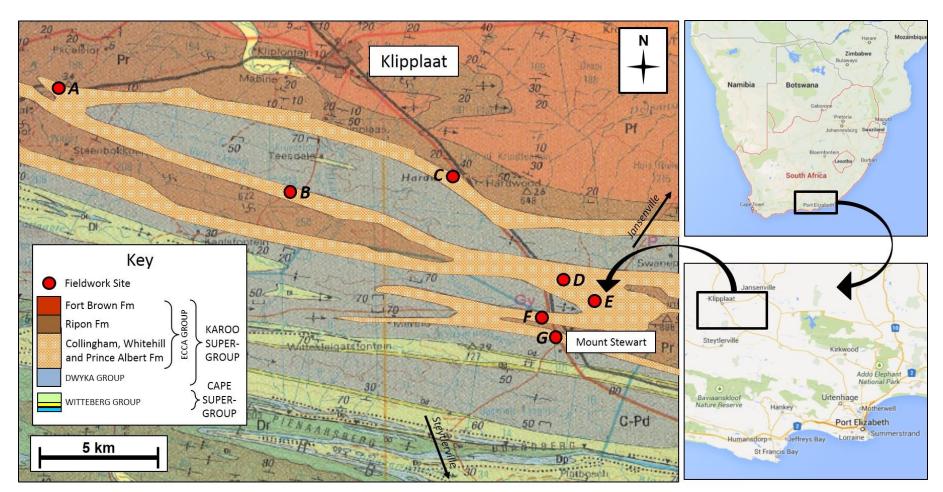






STUDY AREA

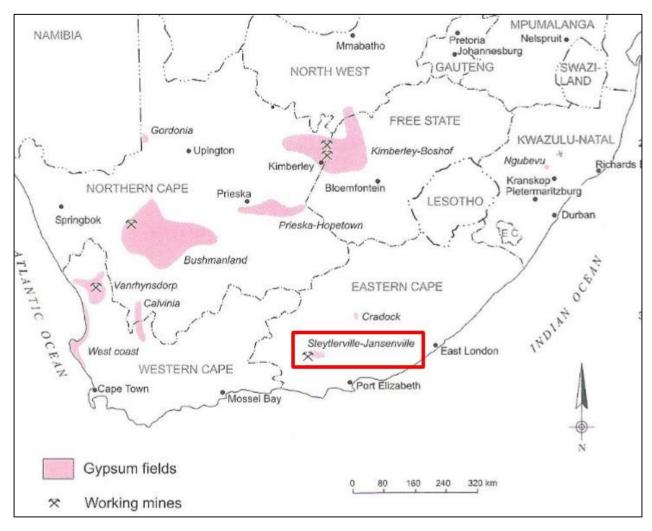






STUDY AREA

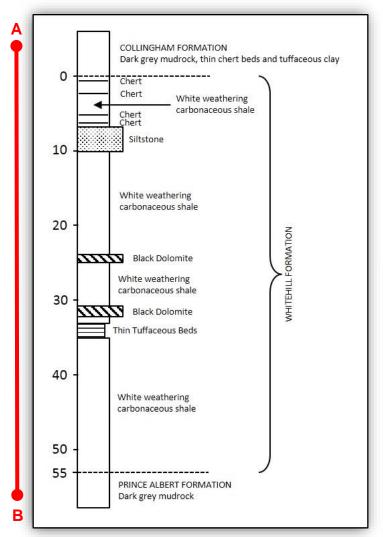






WHITEHILL FORMATION





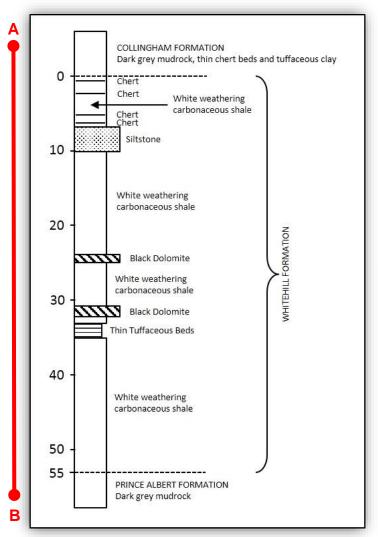
- Higher carbon content
- Shell deposits CaCO₃ calcium rich
- Higher pyrite content FeS₂
- Darker colour at depth
- Weathers white at the surface



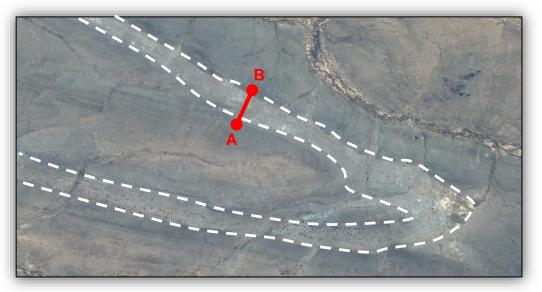


WHITEHILL FORMATION





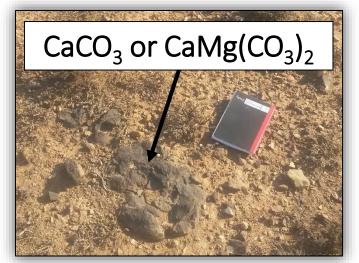
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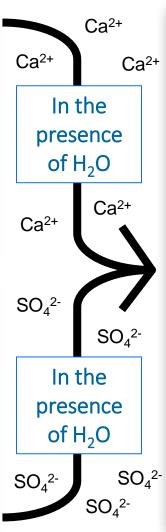


GYPSUM





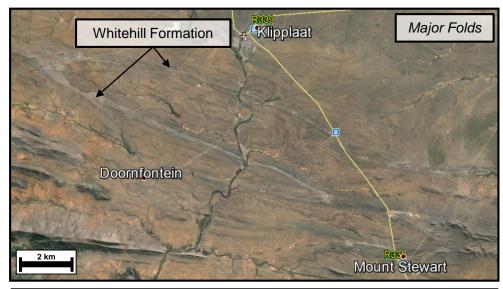


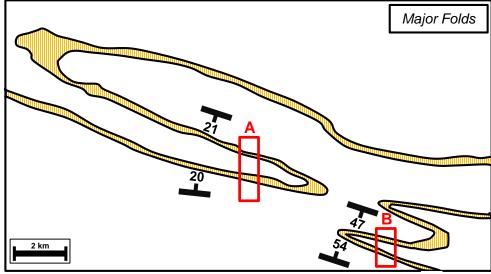






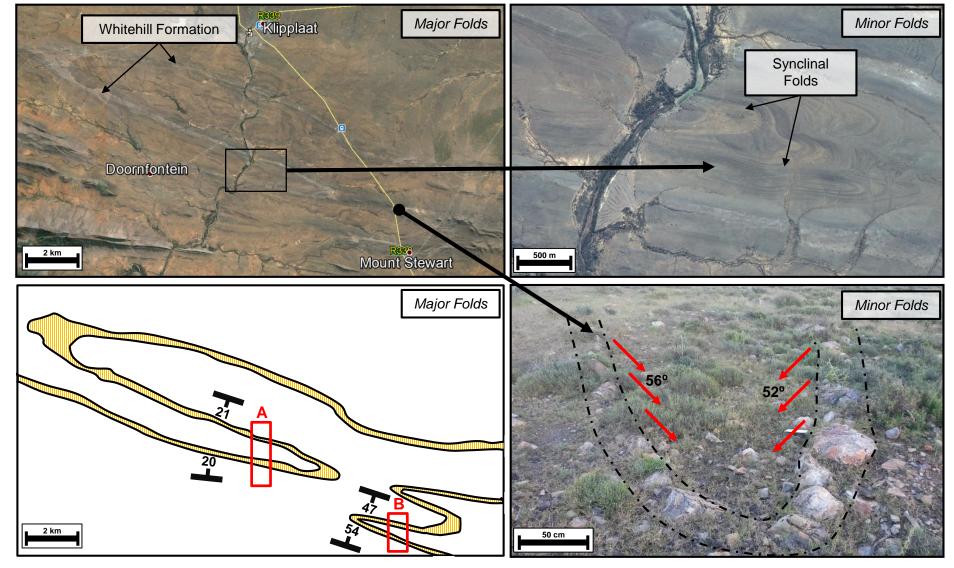








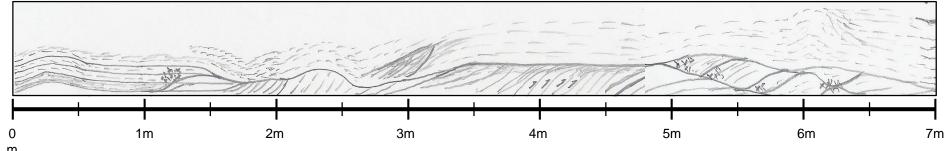






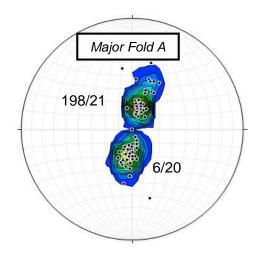


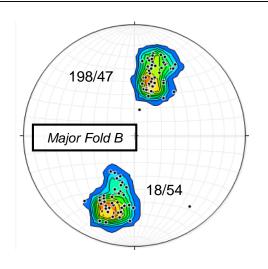


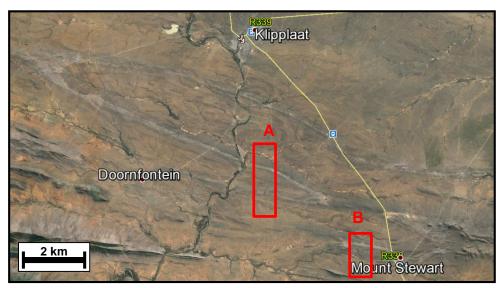


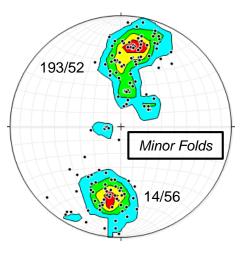


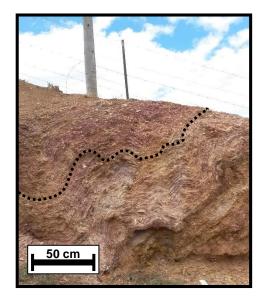














(CARBONATE) CONCRETIONS





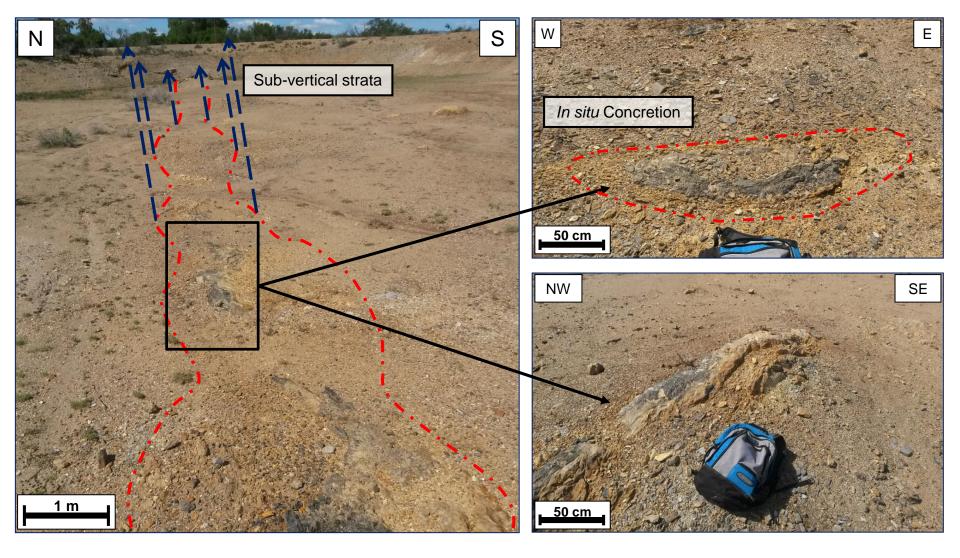






CARBONATE CONCRETIONS







FURTHER STUDY



- Prove/Disprove relationship between small and large folds Cape Fold Beltrelated deformation OR more recent 'swelling' of Whitehill Formation shale
- Relate small-scale faulting to the larger folds
- Compare gypsum deposits PPC Mine & SA Lime future mine
- Relate pyrite content to gypsum deposits petrographic & core analysis
- Consider concretions and relationship to gypsum AND shale gas







QUESTIONS / COMMENTS



