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Octupole correlations and Collective Couplings in the rare earth nucleus ^{154}Dy

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Abstract content
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There is currently less information available on the structure of ^{154}Dy at low spins. The question still remains whether at low spins the structure exhibits permanent octupole deformation [1] or aligned tidal wave octupole phonons [2]. Intermediate spins of the nucleus ^{154}Dy were populated via the $^{155}\text{Gd}(^3\text{He}, 4n)^{154}\text{Dy}$ reaction at 45 MeV at iThemba LABS using AFRODITE array spectrometer. The even-even nucleus ^{154}Dy with 6 neutrons and 2 protons outside the closed shell is nearly spherical. The $N = 88$ isotones have remarkable features; They are at a peak in the $|M(E3)|$ $^{2+}$ transition strength of $0^{+} \rightarrow 3^{-}$ transitions for even-even nuclei as a function of neutron number usually called octupole vibration [34]. This was first stated by Chasman theoretically [1] whereby the first excited states in some nuclei have an octupole deformed first excited state with a quadruple deformation in the ground state and shown experimentally for $^{154}\text{Gd}_{88}$ [4]. The strong E3 properties have been described and explained as due to the nearness of $\Delta J = 3$ shell model orbits to the Fermi surface. They also have very strong E0 transitions from the band built on the 0^{+}_{2} states to the ground state bands [3, 5]. The measurements we have made on ^{154}Dy are motivated by the findings from our studies of the isotones ^{152}Gd and ^{150}Sm from [6] where we observed octupole correlations between the 0^{+}_{2} states and the lowest-lying negative parity band, commonly known as the octupole band.

References

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yes

Level for award (Hons, MSc, PhD)?

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