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## The Shape of $^{36}\text{Ar}$ in its first 2 plus state

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In 1970, a Coulomb excitation experiment was done in order to determine Spectroscopic Quadrupole moment of Argon-36 ( $^{36}\text{Ar}$ ) in its first excited state which has the total angular momentum of 2 and a positive parity. The  $^{36}\text{Ar}$  ion beam was bombarded towards a stationary Lead-206 ( $^{206}\text{Pb}$ ) target. The Spectroscopic quadrupole moment was determined to be  $0.11 \pm 0.06$  e.b. At the time of the experiment, the distance of closest approach between the nuclei surfaces was 4.3 fm (femtometer) which is less than minimum distance of 6.5 fm for the experiment to be from nuclear force interference.

The Coulomb excitation experiment of  $^{36}\text{Ar}$  was conducted for a month at the ithemba LABS facility located at the Western Cape. The objective was to determine the Spectroscopic Quadrupole moment of  $^{36}\text{Ar}$  in its first excited state. The  $^{36}\text{Ar}$  ion beam was accelerated towards a  $1 \text{ mg}/\text{cm}^2$  thick  $^{194}\text{Pt}$  (Platinum-194) stationary target. The gamma rays emitted by the de-excited nuclei were detected using the AFRODITE, which consist of eight clovers and each clover has four  $50 \times 70 \text{ mm}^2$  high purity Germanium crystal. The backwards scattered ion beam was detected by the double-sided CD-shaped silicon particle detector. The information about the gamma rays that were in coincidence with the scattered particles will be analysed using MIDAS MTsort offline. The doppler-corrected  $^{36}\text{Ar}$  and non-doppler corrected  $^{194}\text{Pt}$  spectra peaks acquired from MIDAS MTsort along with other spectroscopic information was analysed by the GOSIA program and from it, the Spectroscopic Quadrupole moment will be determined.

**Apply to be considered for a student ; award (Yes / No)?**

yes

**Level for award;(Hons, MSc, PhD, N/A)?**

MSc

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