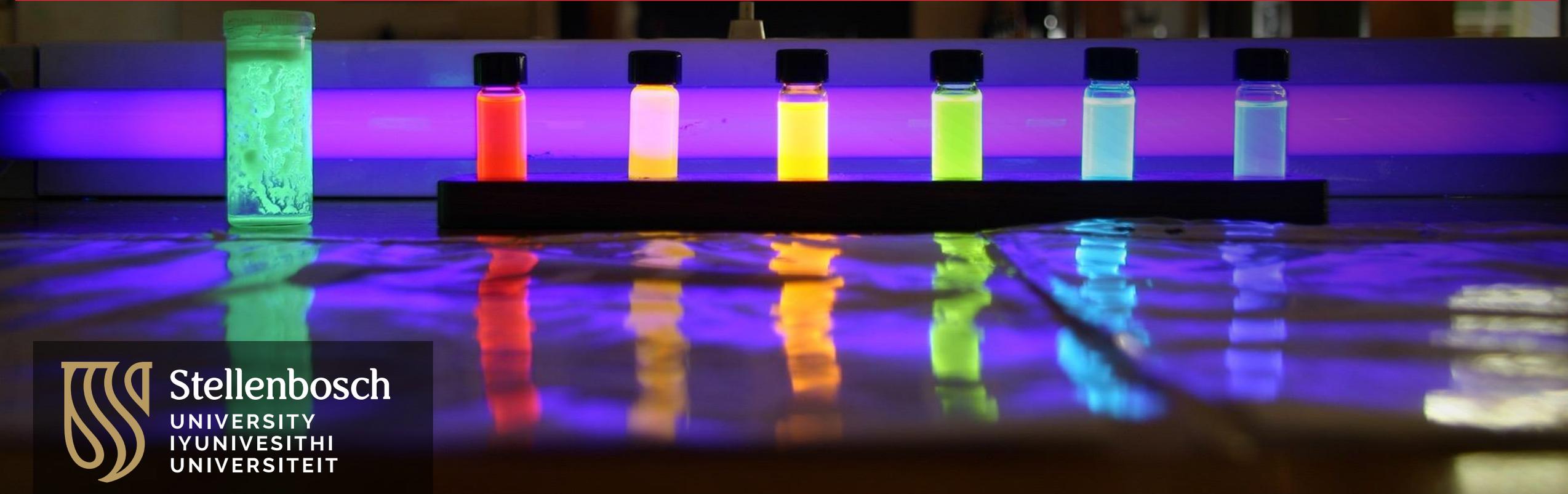


Solution phase photodegradation studies of PCDTBT

Kelsey Everts

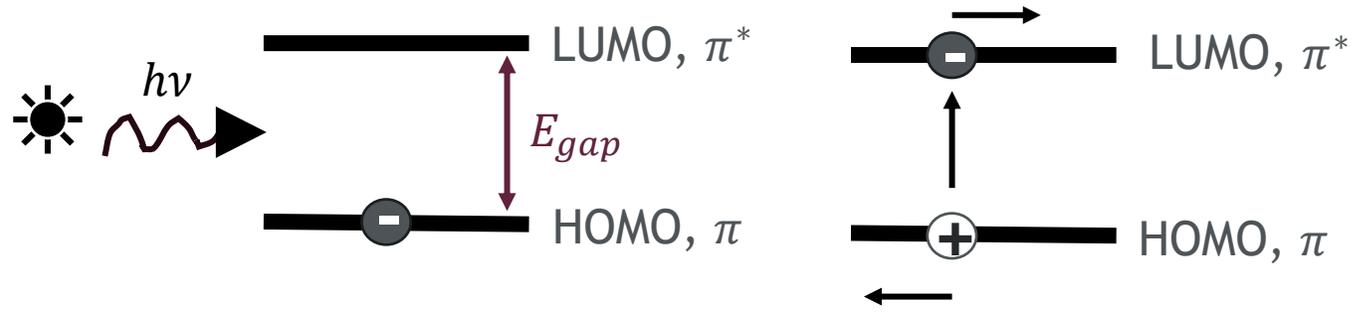
Supervisor: Dr G Bosman

SAIP 2023



Stellenbosch
UNIVERSITY
IYUNIVESITHI
UNIVERSITEIT

Solar cells



Silicon



- ✓ Efficient
- ✓ Stable
- × Scalability
- × Waste

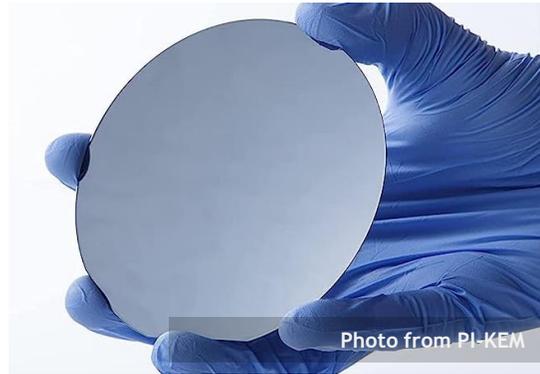
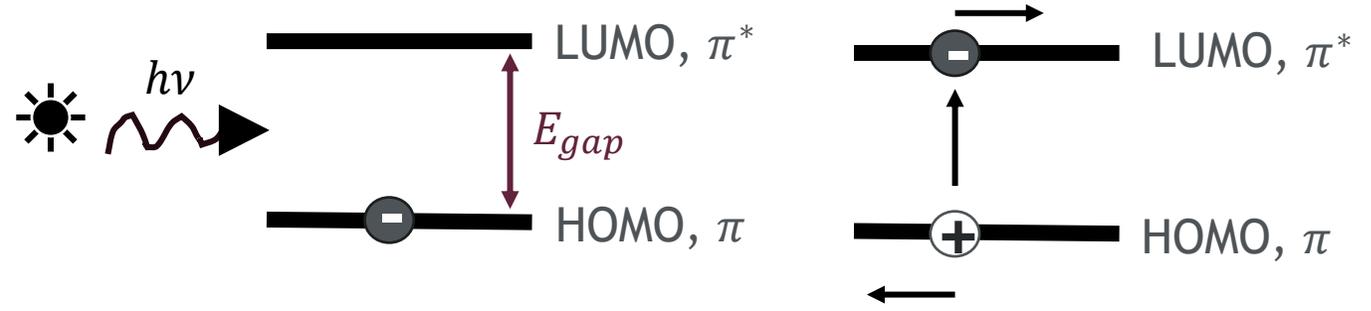


Photo from [insert ref]

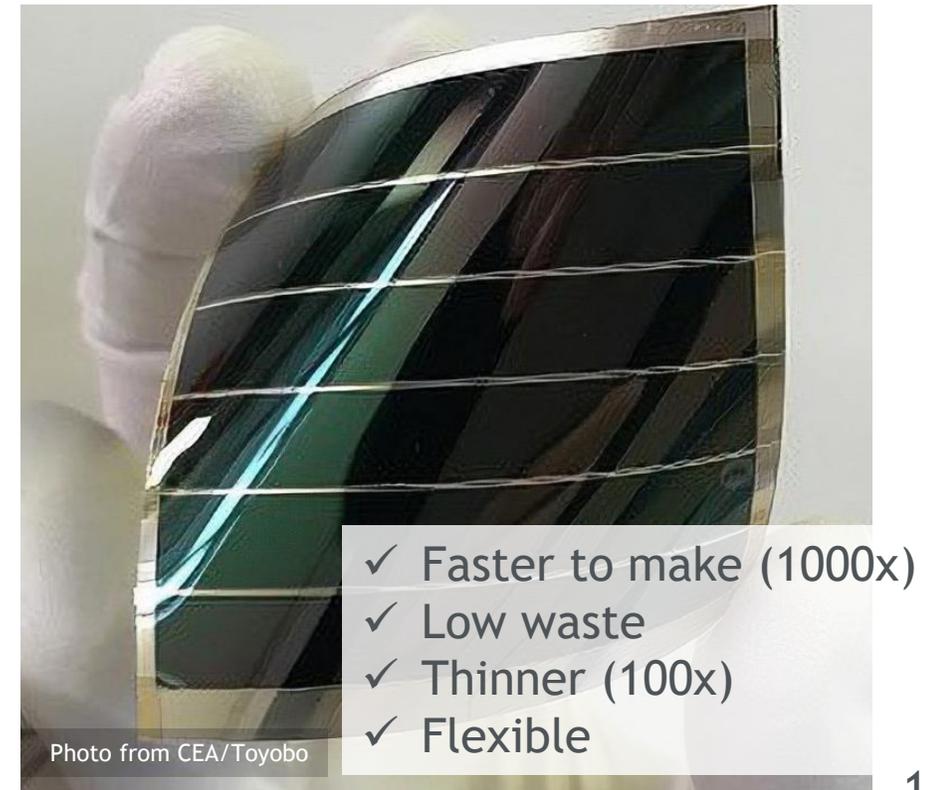
Solar cells



Silicon



Organic

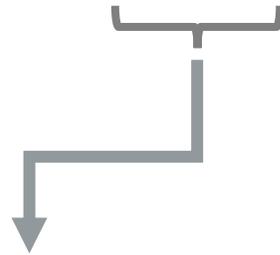


Well then why isn't organic solar here yet?

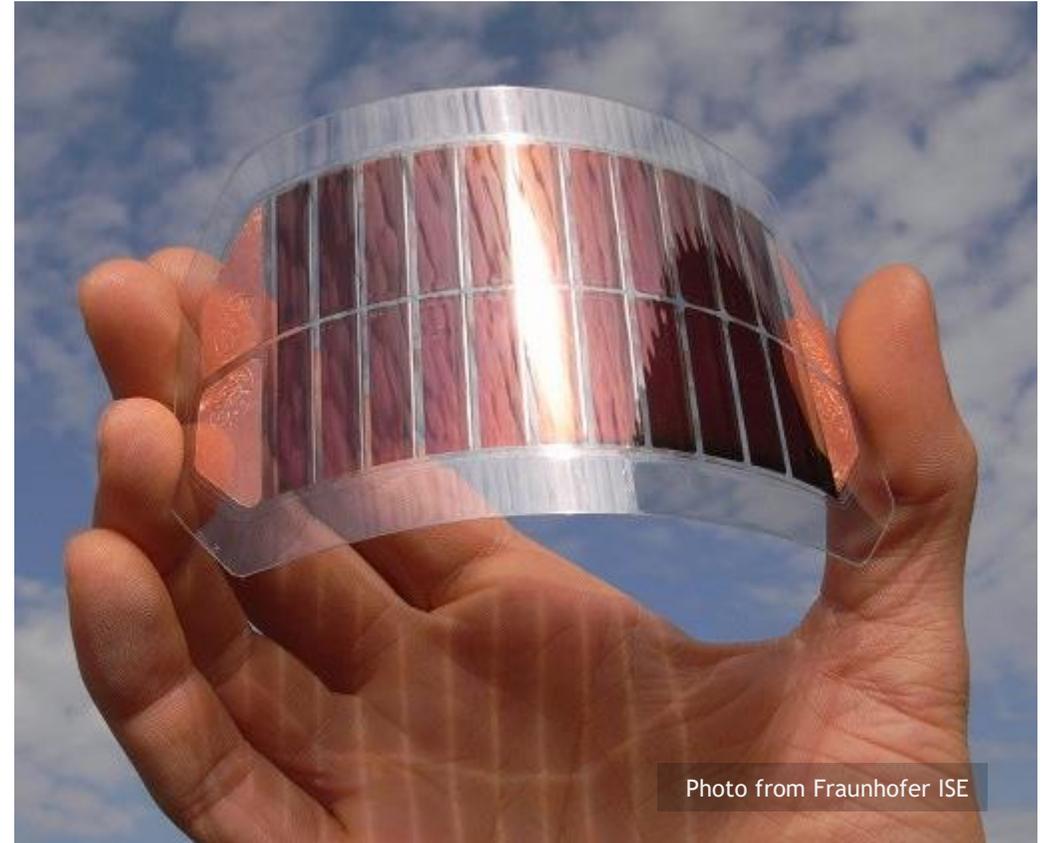
Stability issues

Organic 10 years vs Silicon 25 years

Oxygen, water, **light**

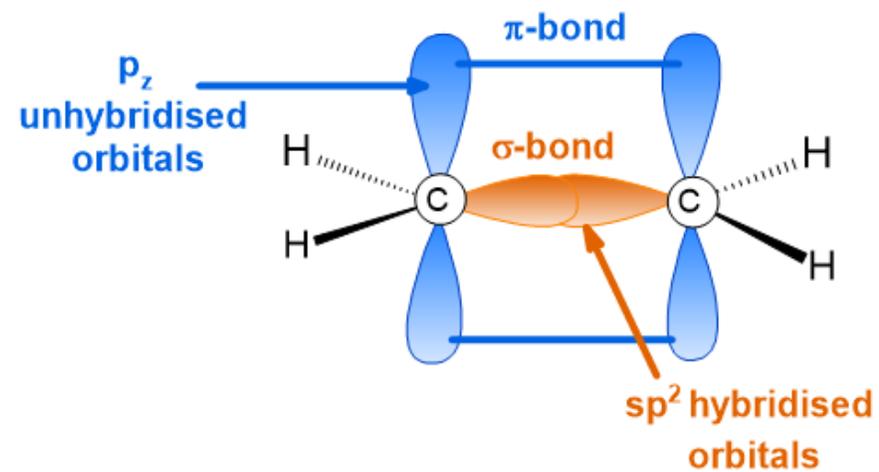
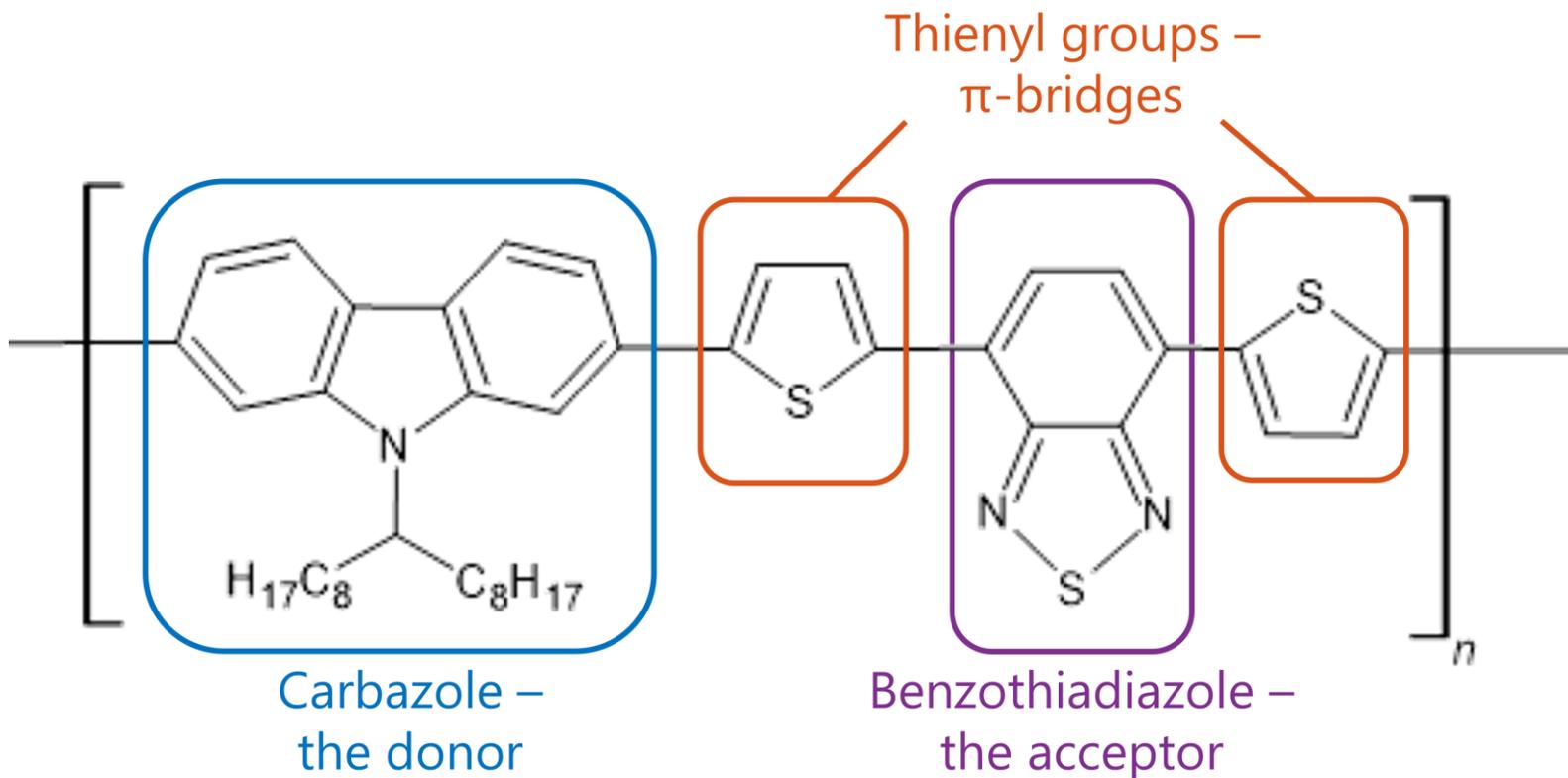


Light induced degradation

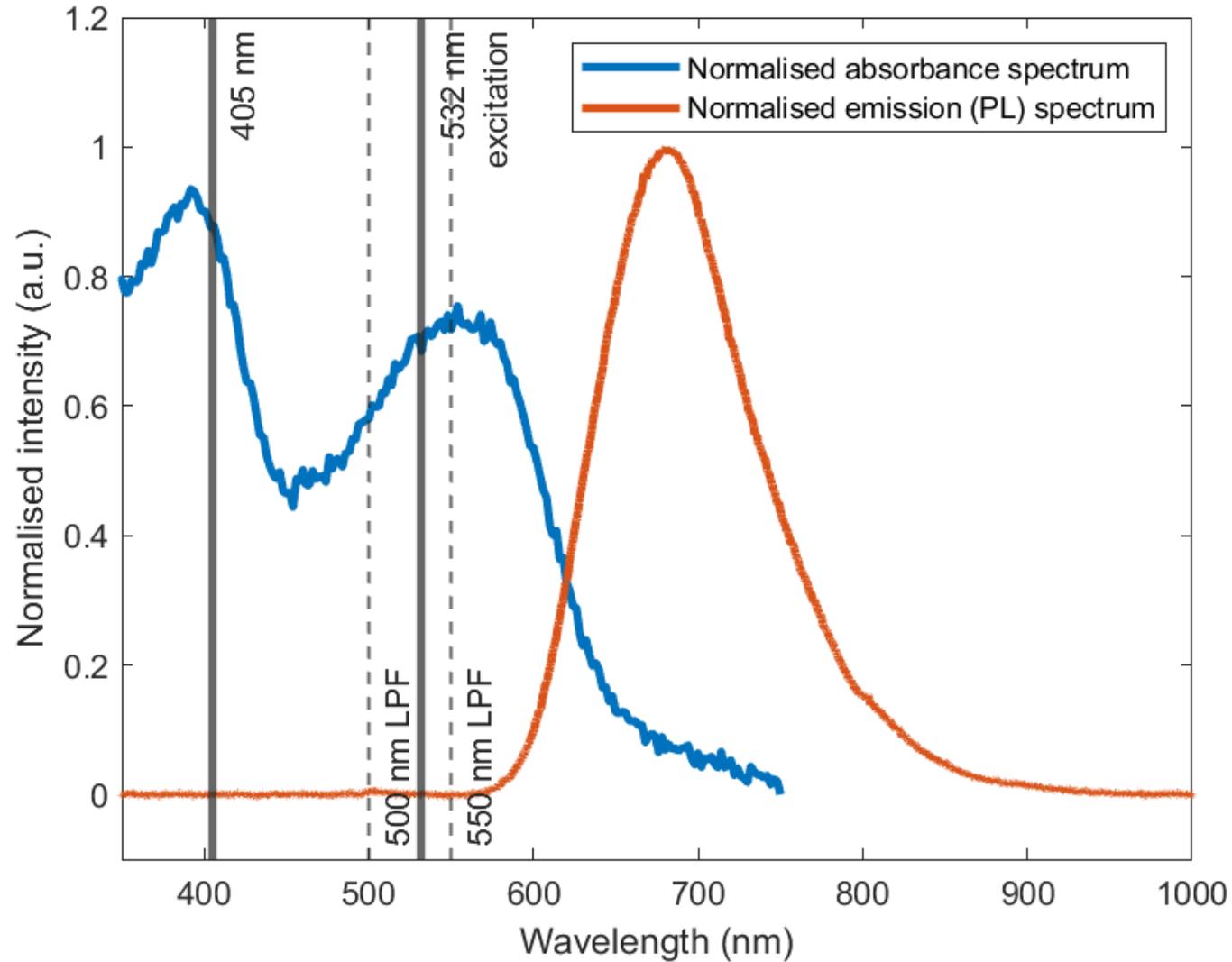


Our polymer - PCDTBT

Poly[N-9'-heptadecanyl-2,7-carbazole-alt-5,5-(4',7'-di-2-thienyl-2',1',3'-benzothiadiazole)]



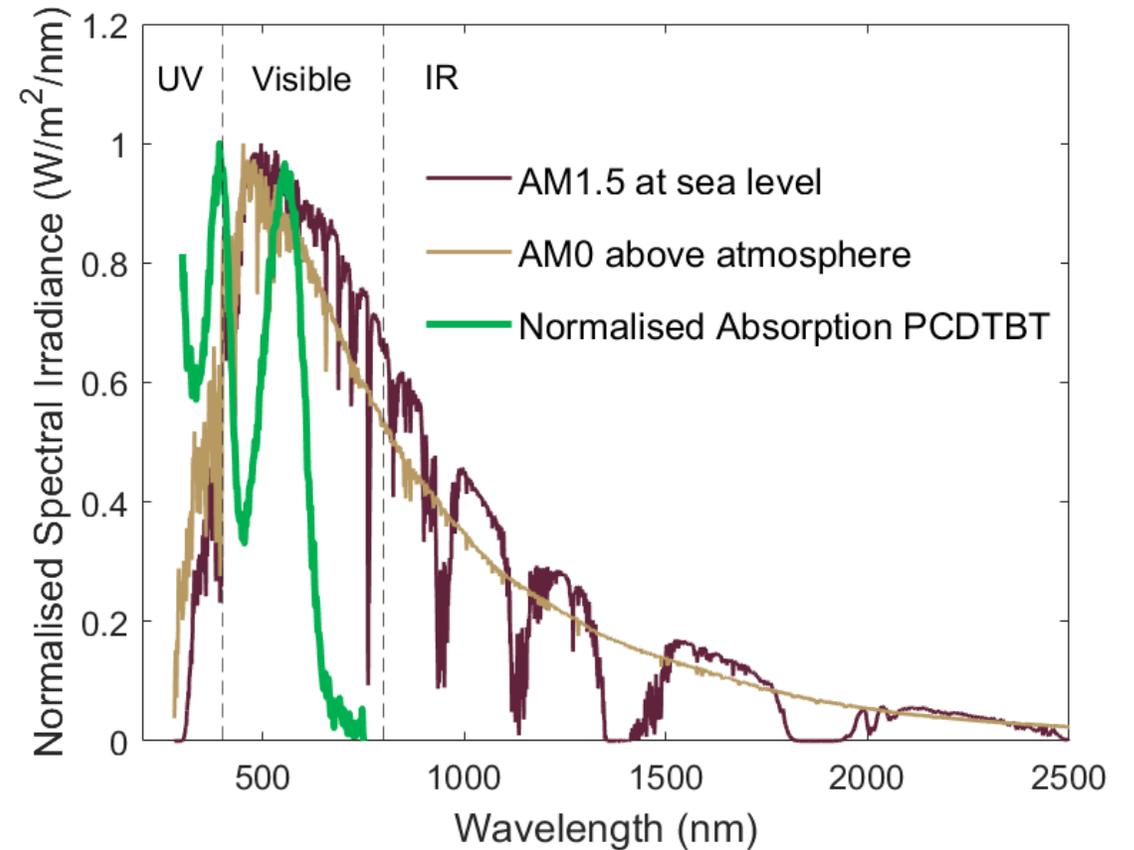
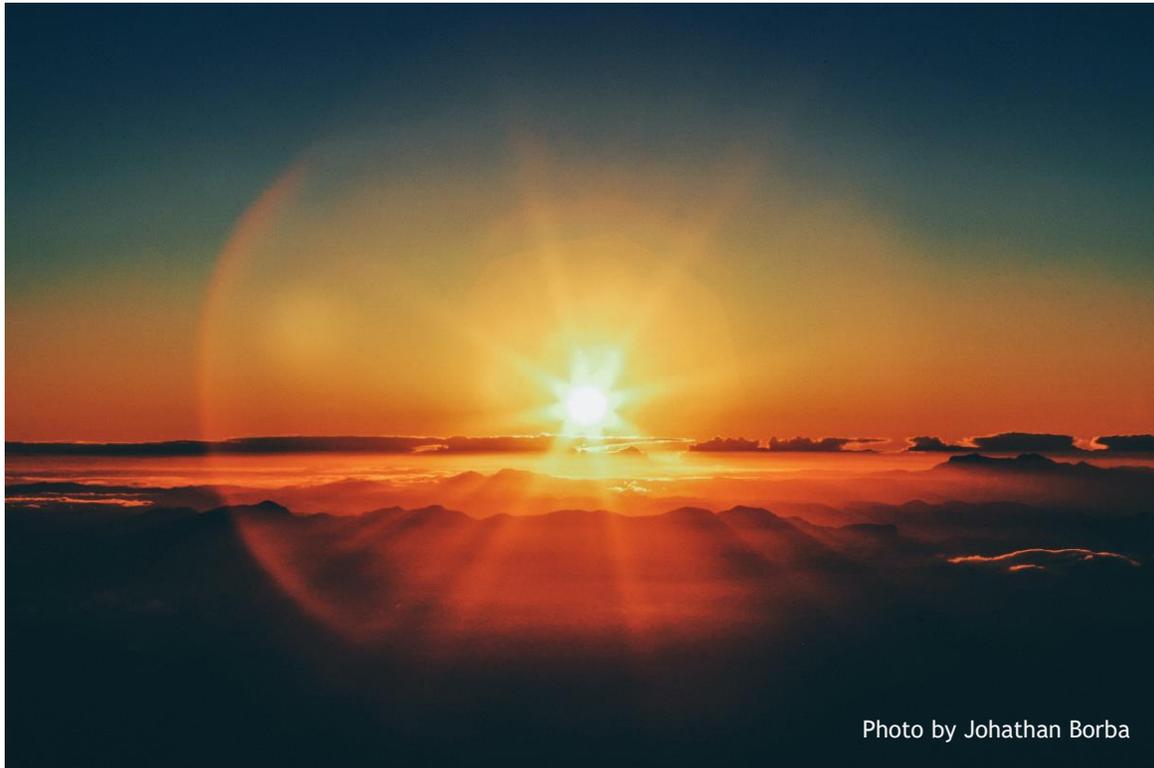
Steady state absorption of a fresh solution sample



Stokes shift: 289nm and 140nm
Allows use of emission LP filters

Is the solar spectrum ideal? No

Spectrally too broad



From NREL Reference Solar Spectral Irradiance ASTM G-173-03 tables

Why build a tool for photodegradation?

Solar Simulator

Spectrofluorometer

Long term degradation



λ selectivity



High intensity

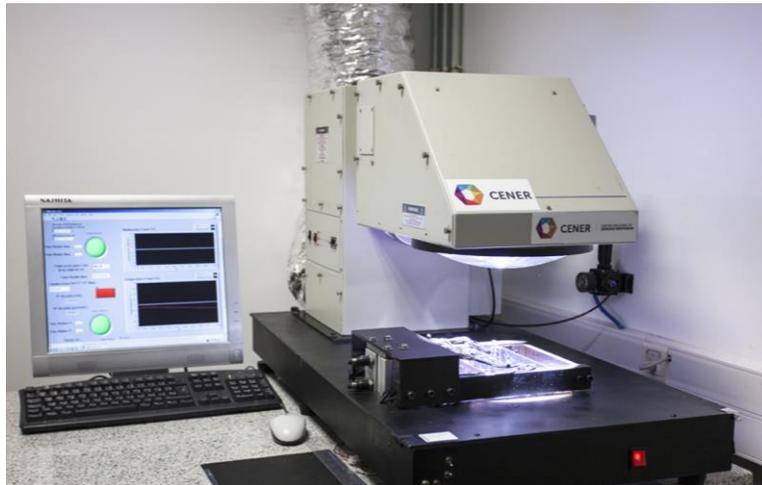


Photo from National Renewable Energy Centre (CENER) - Spain



Photo from Edinburgh Instruments

Why build a tool for photodegradation?

Solar Simulator

Spectrofluorometer

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High intensity

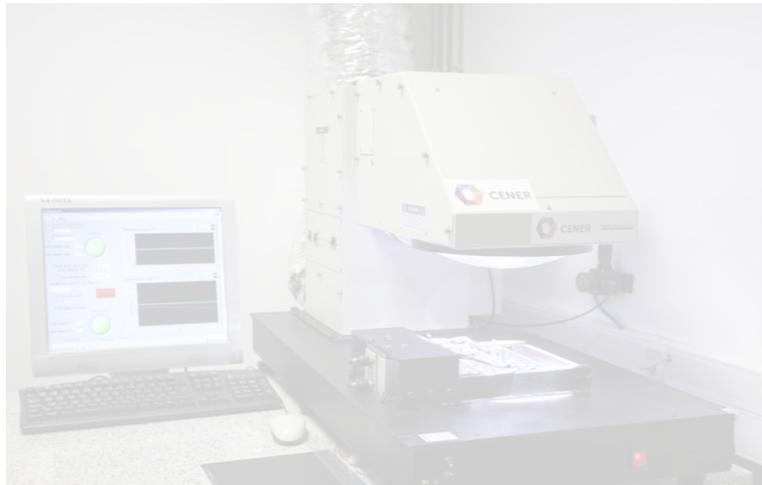


Photo from National Renewable Energy Centre (CENER) - Spain



Photo from Edinburgh Instruments

Why build a tool for photodegradation?

Galey, C., & Park, H. (2019). Intermediate states during photodegradation in MEH-PPV solutions and thin films. *AIP Advances*, 9(10).

	Solar Simulator	Spectrofluorometer	Custom setup
Long term degradation	✓	✗	✓
λ selectivity	✗	✓	✓
High intensity	✗	✗	✓

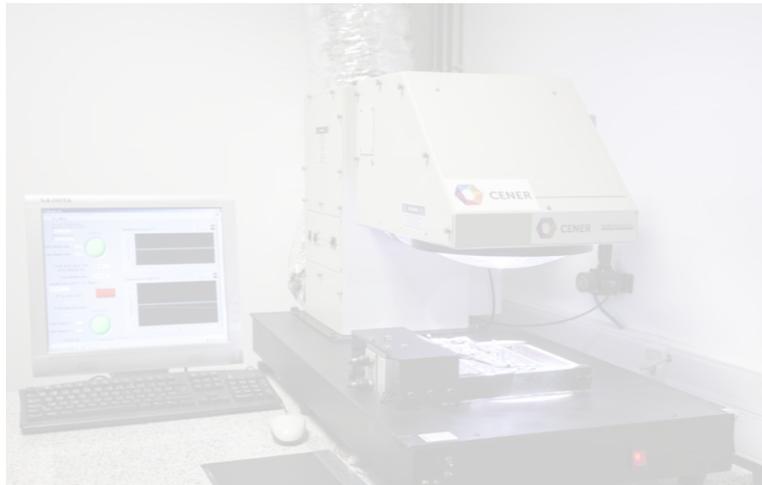


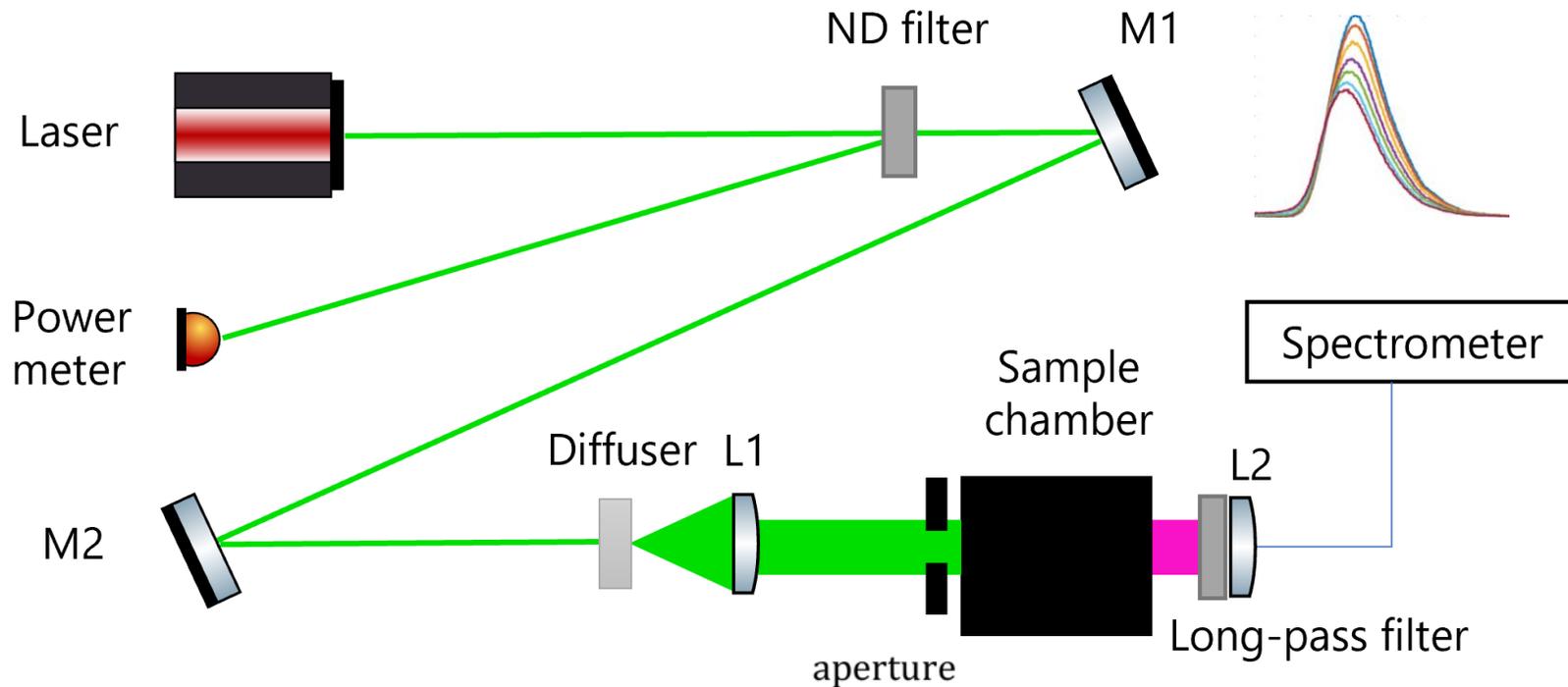
Photo from National Renewable Energy Centre (CENER) - Spain



Photo from Edinburgh Instruments

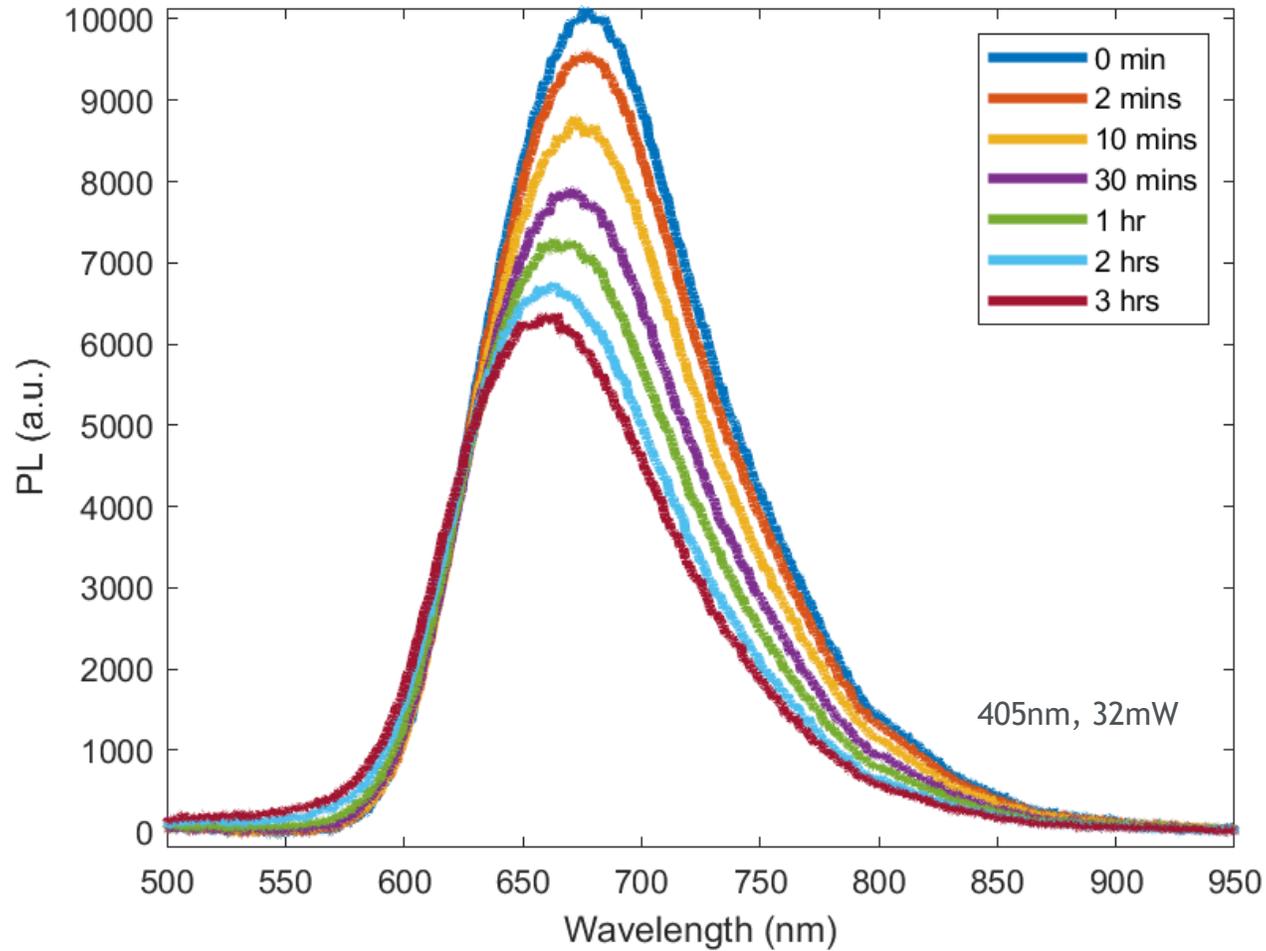


Our custom spectroscopic tool



λ (nm)	405nm, 532nm
High Intensity	70 ± 0.13 mW, (400 suns at 532nm)
Spatial uniformity	$\frac{\sigma}{p_{av}} < 7\%$
Slow degradation	milliseconds-days

Photoluminescence results



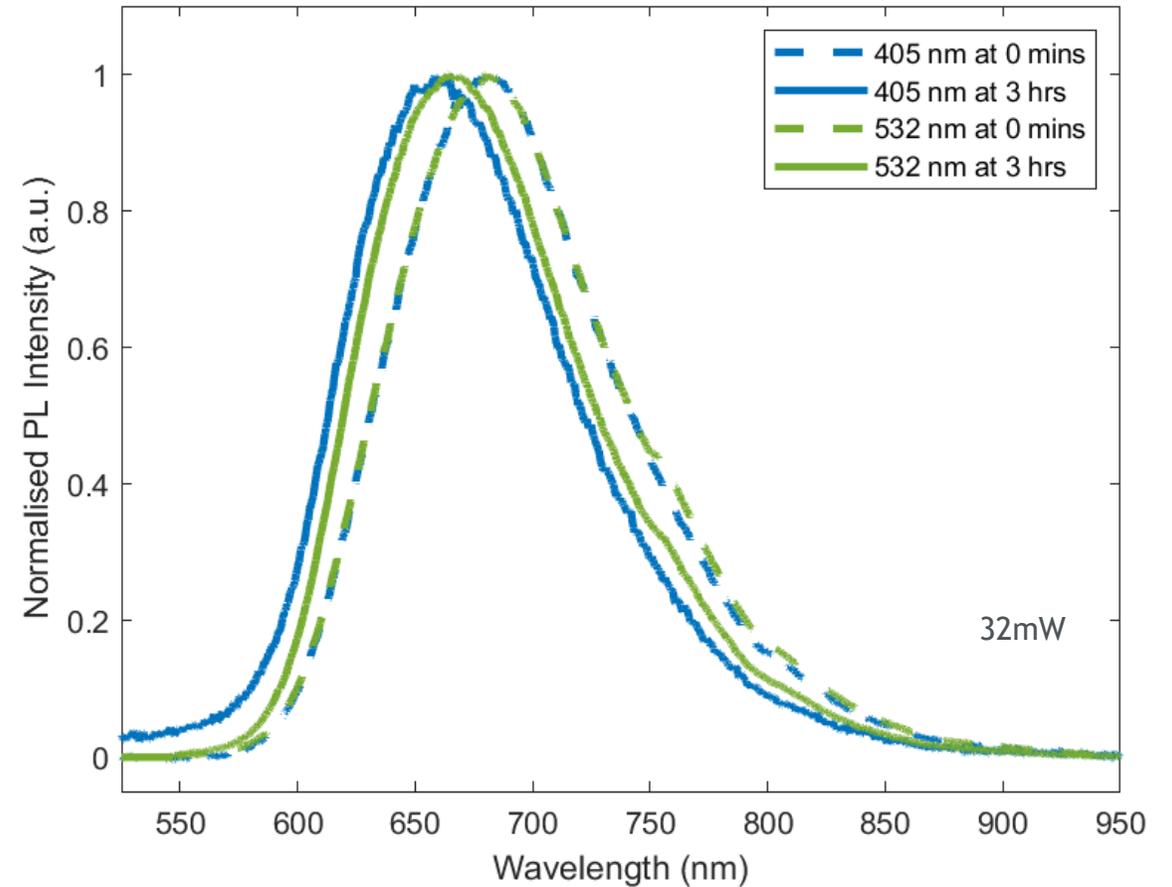
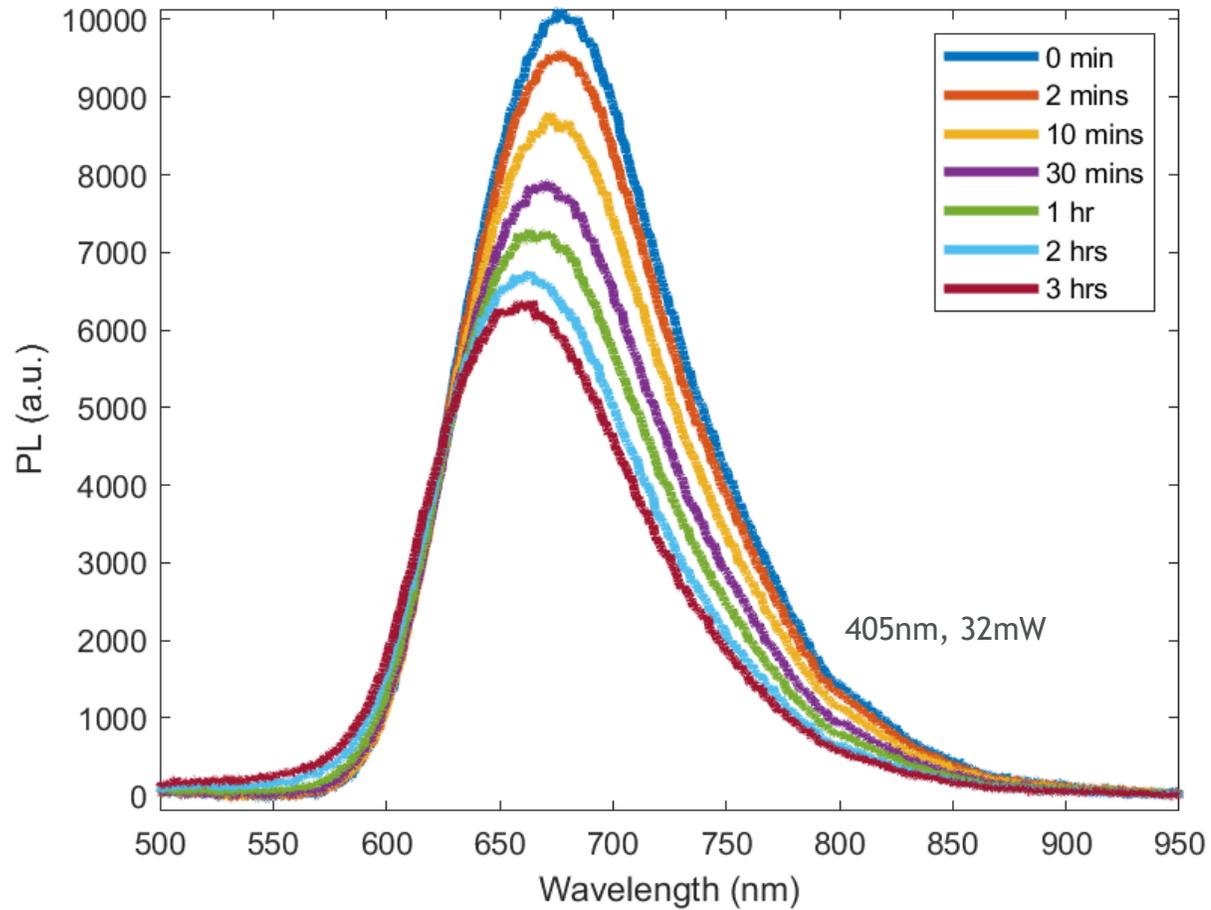
Hypsochromic (blue) shift

Spectral profile

Intensity decay

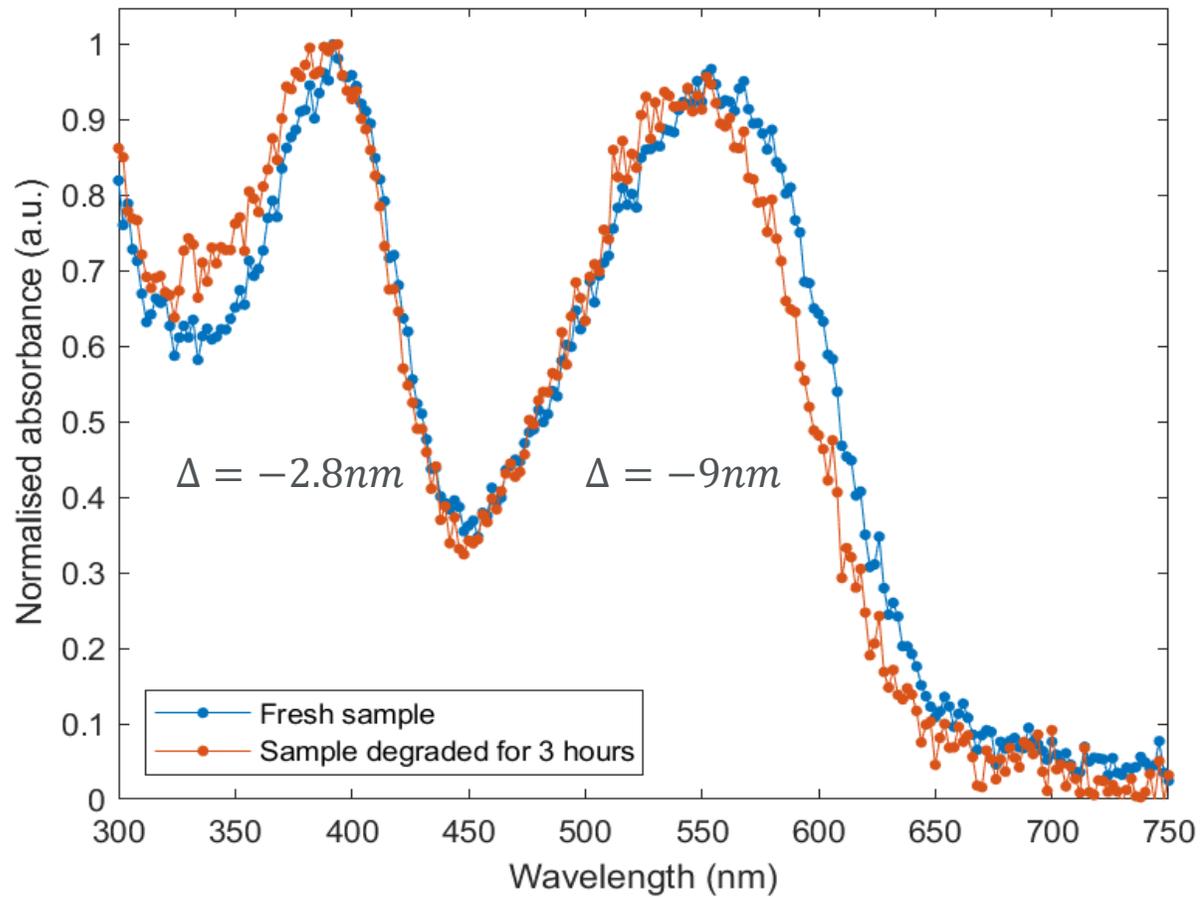
Chain scission - blue shift

$$E_n \propto \frac{1}{L^2}$$



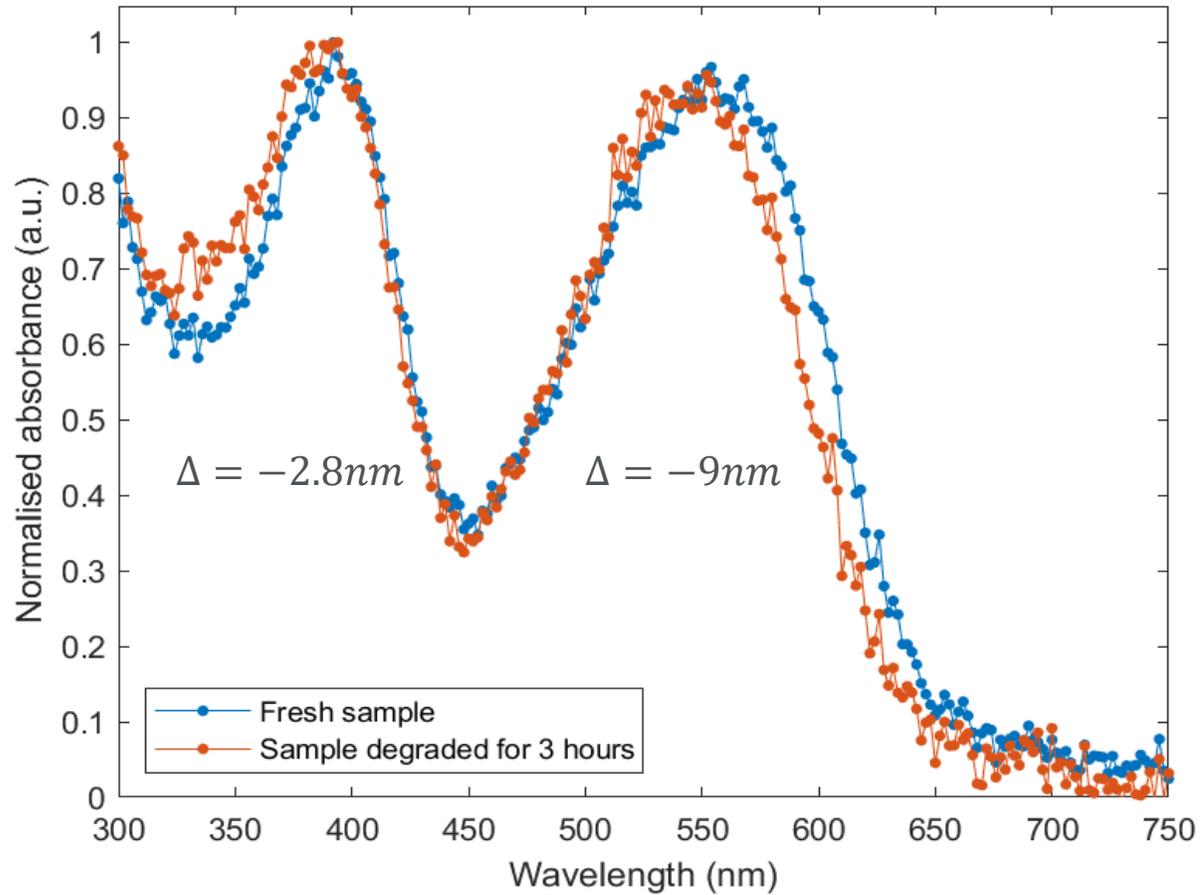
Confirmation of chain scission

Steady state absorption

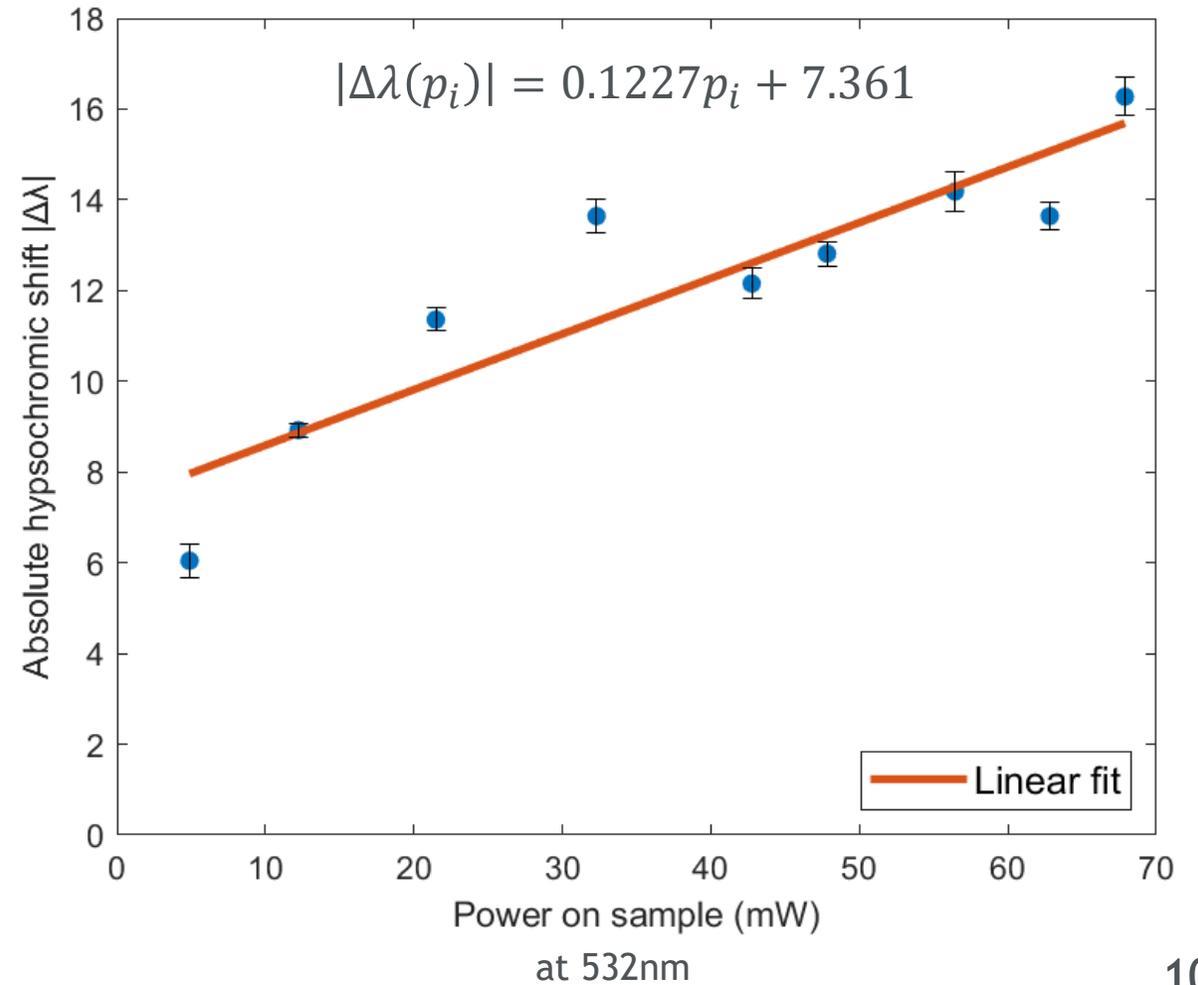


Confirmation of chain scission

Steady state absorption

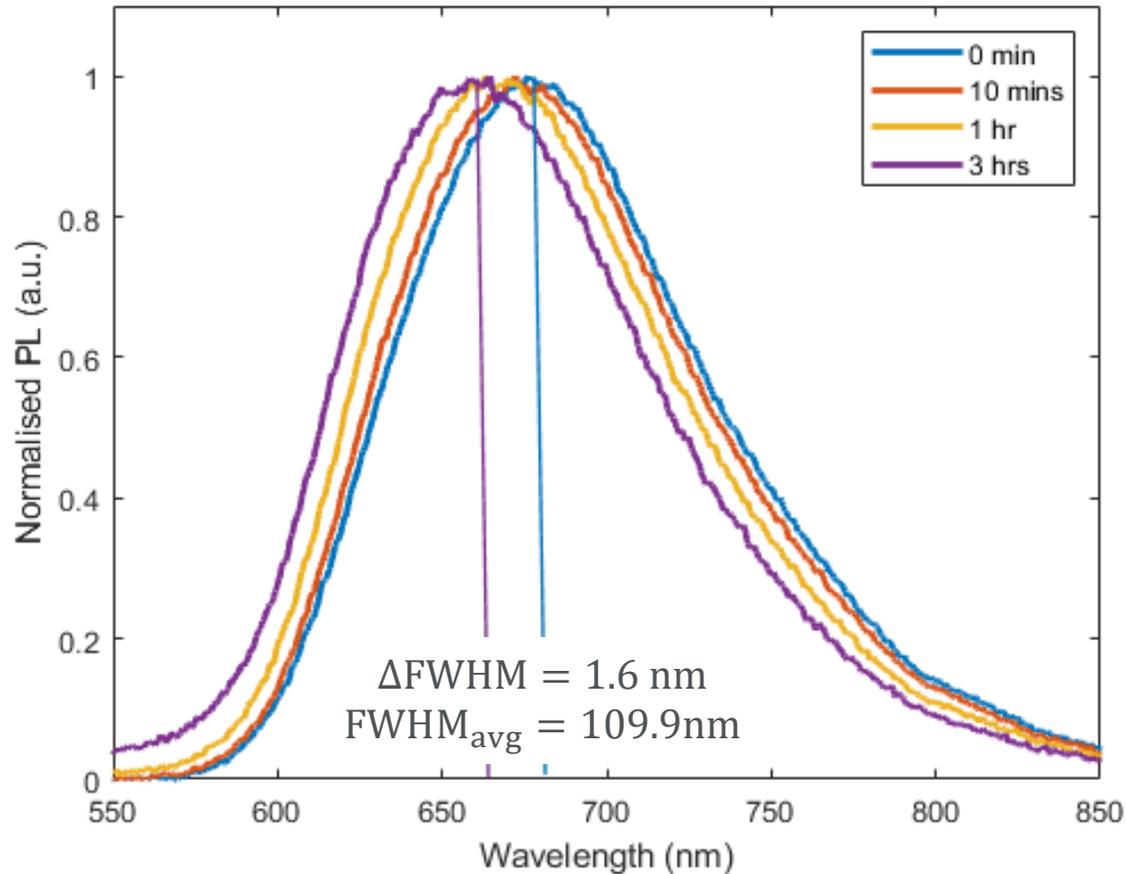


Different incident intensities

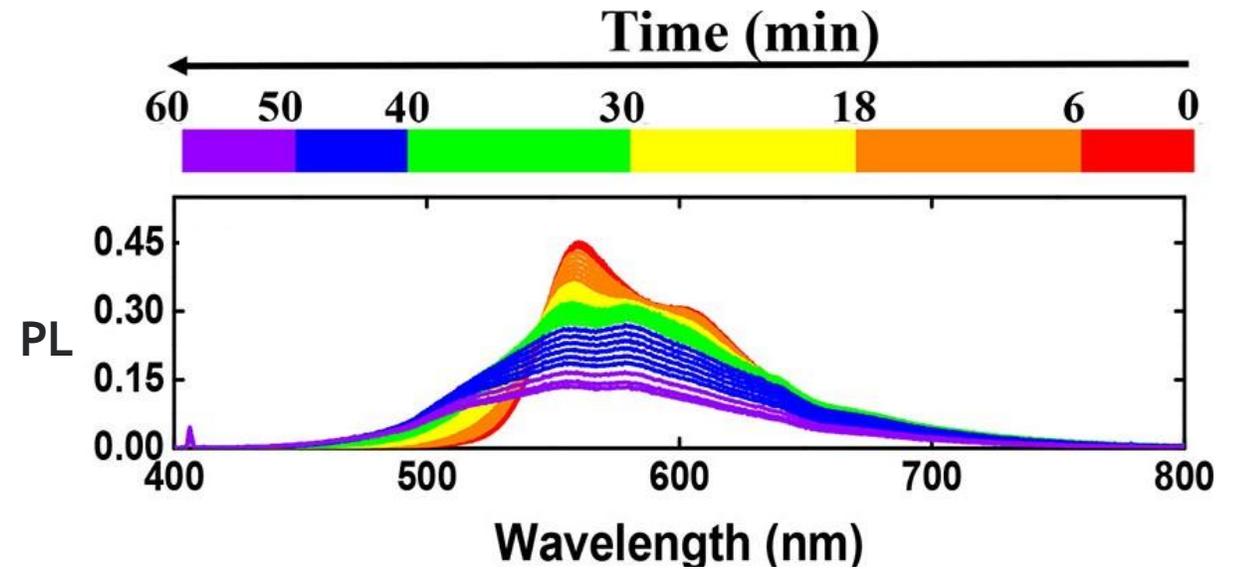


Spectral profile

PCDTBT - 3 hours

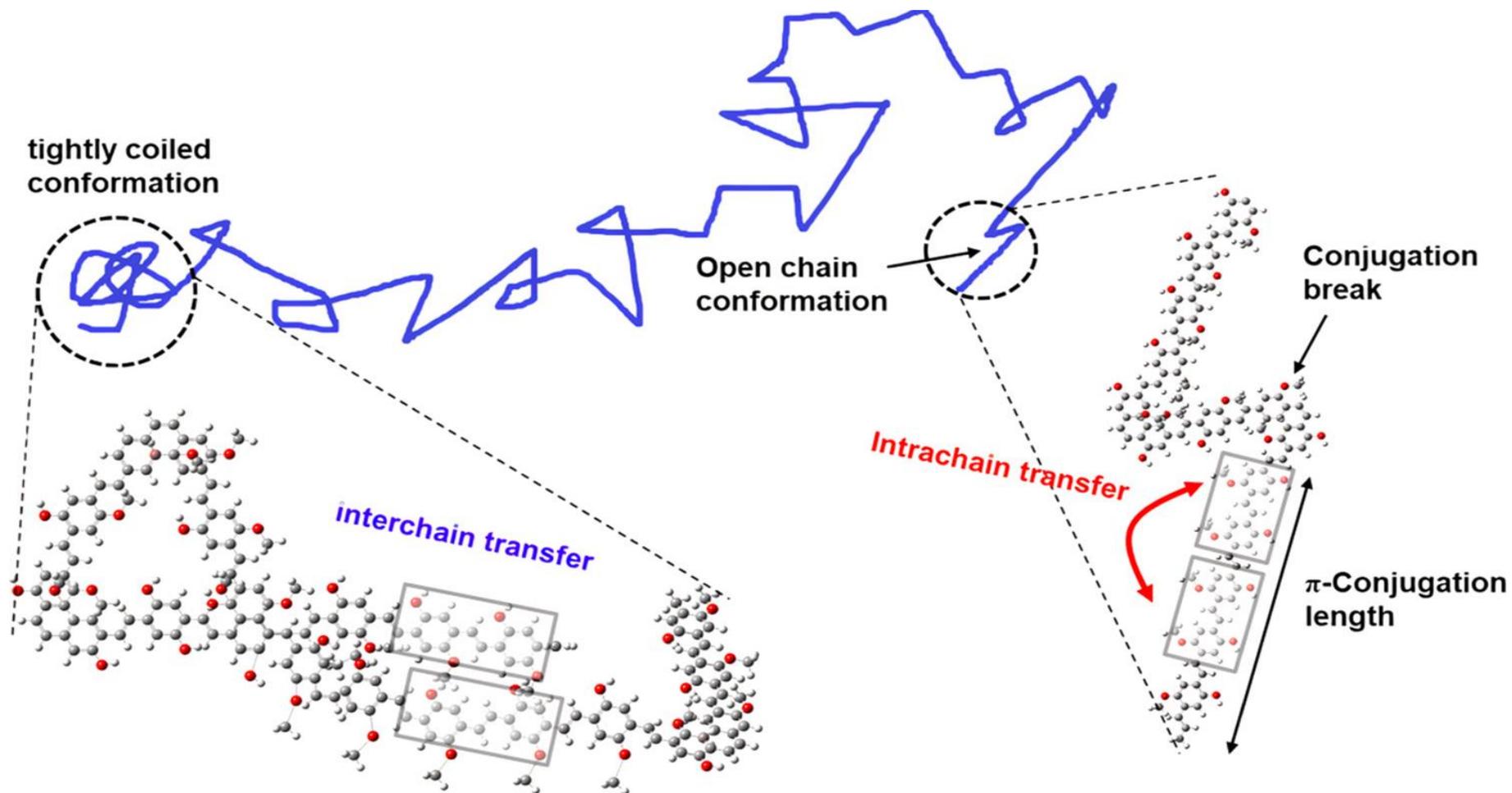


MEH-PPV - 60 minutes



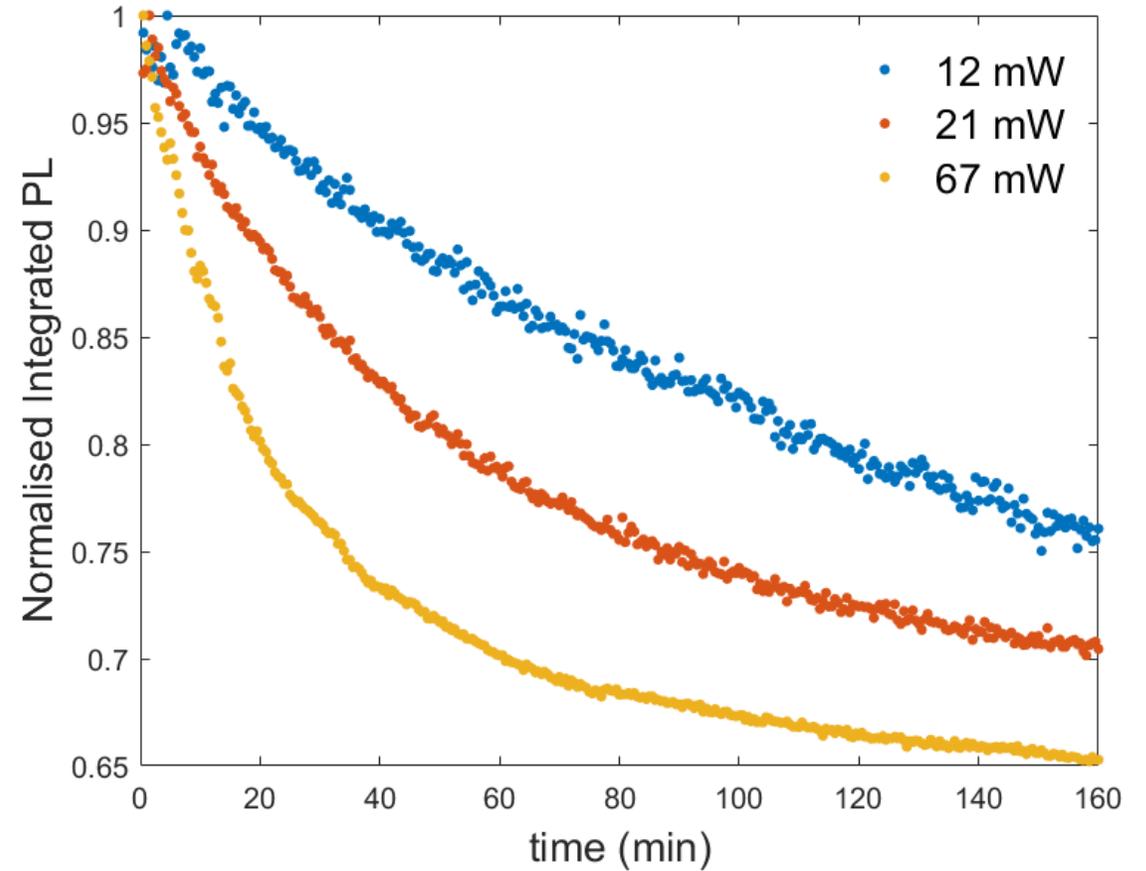
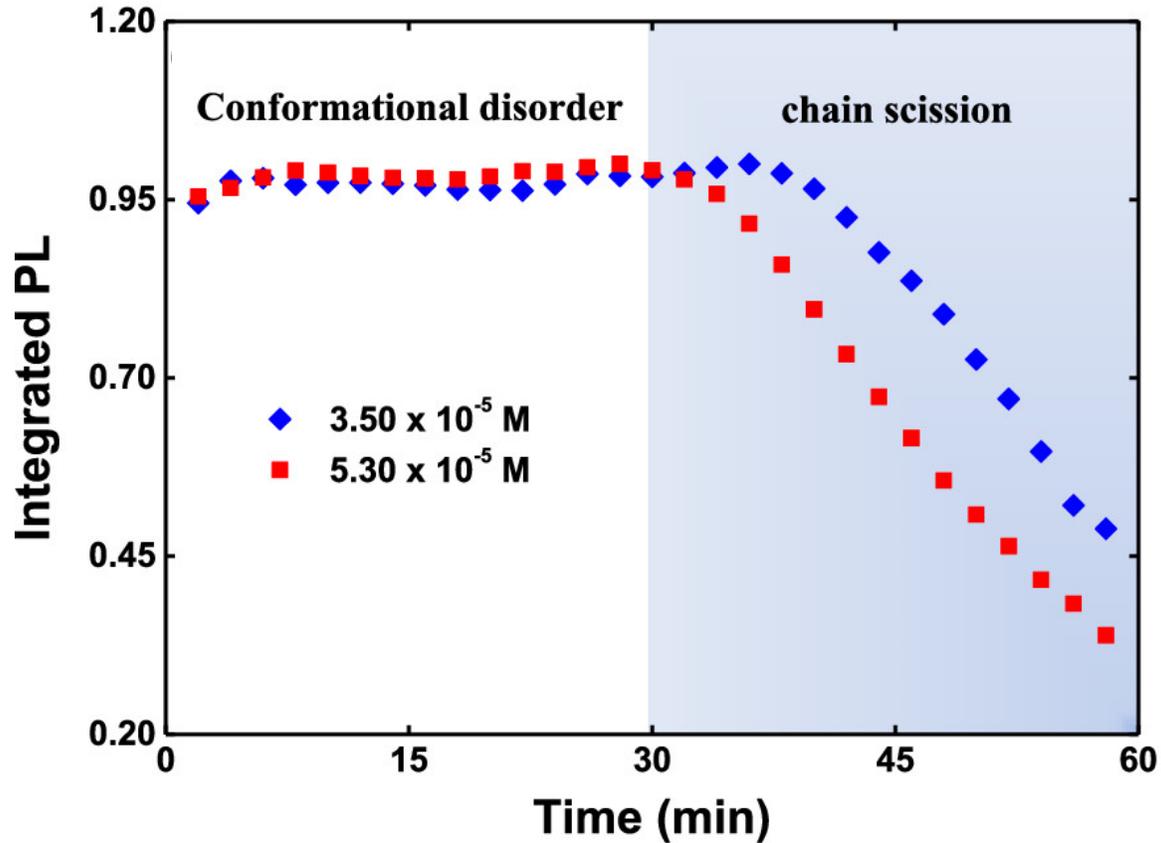
Raicoski, M. L., & Vivas, M. G. (2021). Photobleaching Kinetics of MEH-PPV in Solution: The Role of Conformational Disorder. *Journal of Physical Chemistry B*, 125(34), 9887-9894.

Conformation also matters



Raicoski, M. L., & Vivas, M. G. (2021). Photobleaching Kinetics of MEH-PPV in Solution: The Role of Conformational Disorder. *Journal of Physical Chemistry B*, 125(34), 9887-9894.

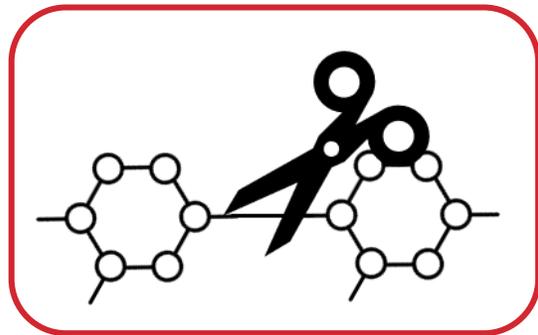
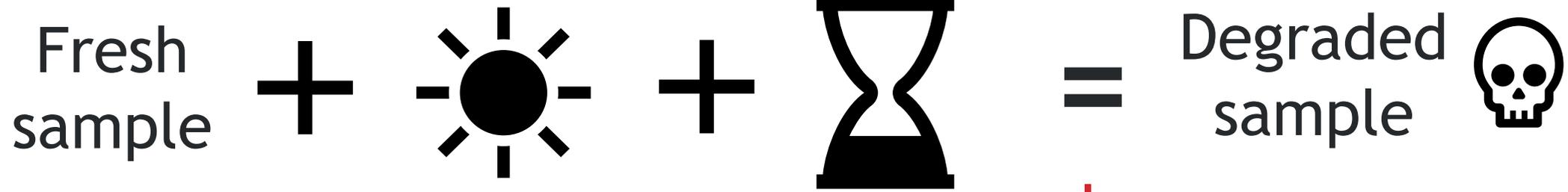
Integrated photoluminescence



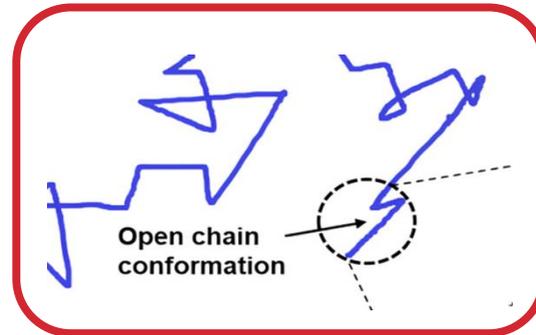
Raicoski, M. L., & Vivas, M. G. (2021). Photobleaching Kinetics of MEH-PPV in Solution: The Role of Conformational Disorder. *Journal of Physical Chemistry B*, 125(34), 9887-9894.

532nm excitation

The Problem - solution phase photodegradation of PCDTBT



Chain Scission

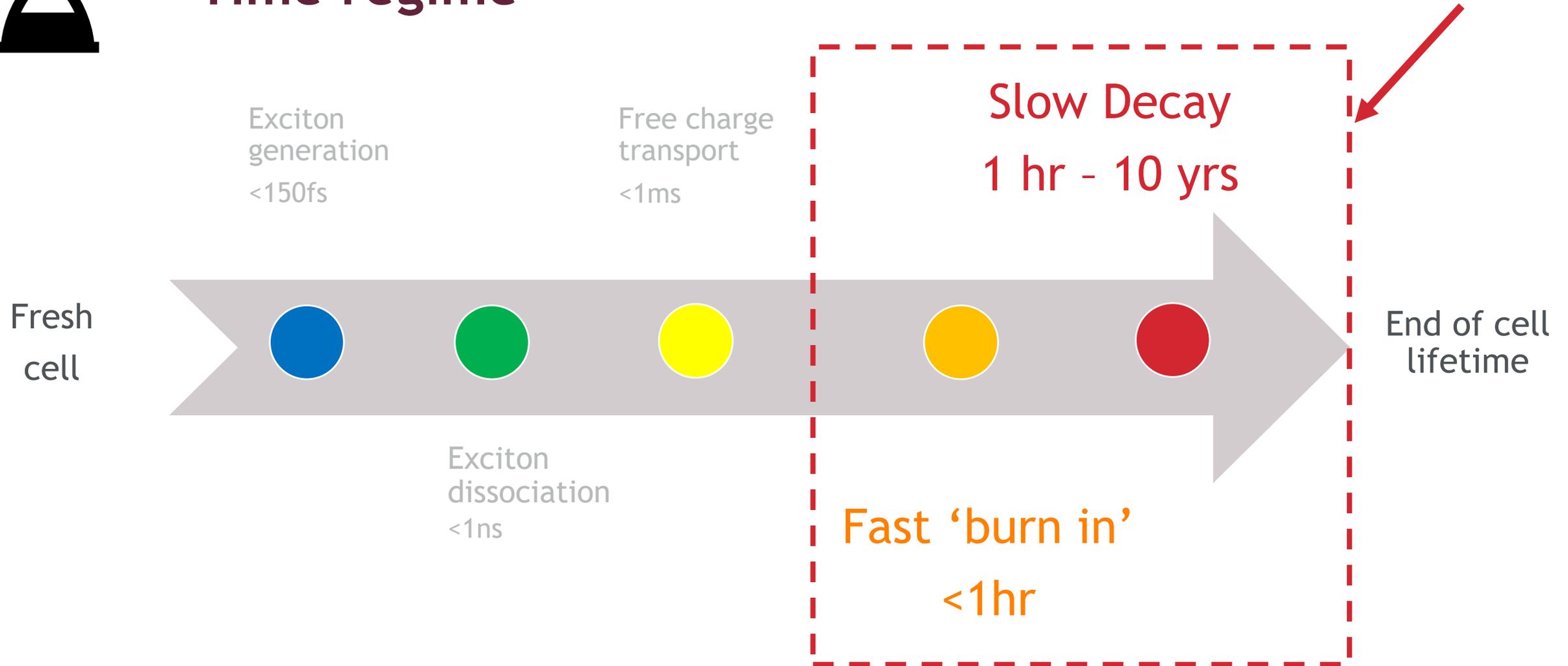


Conformation

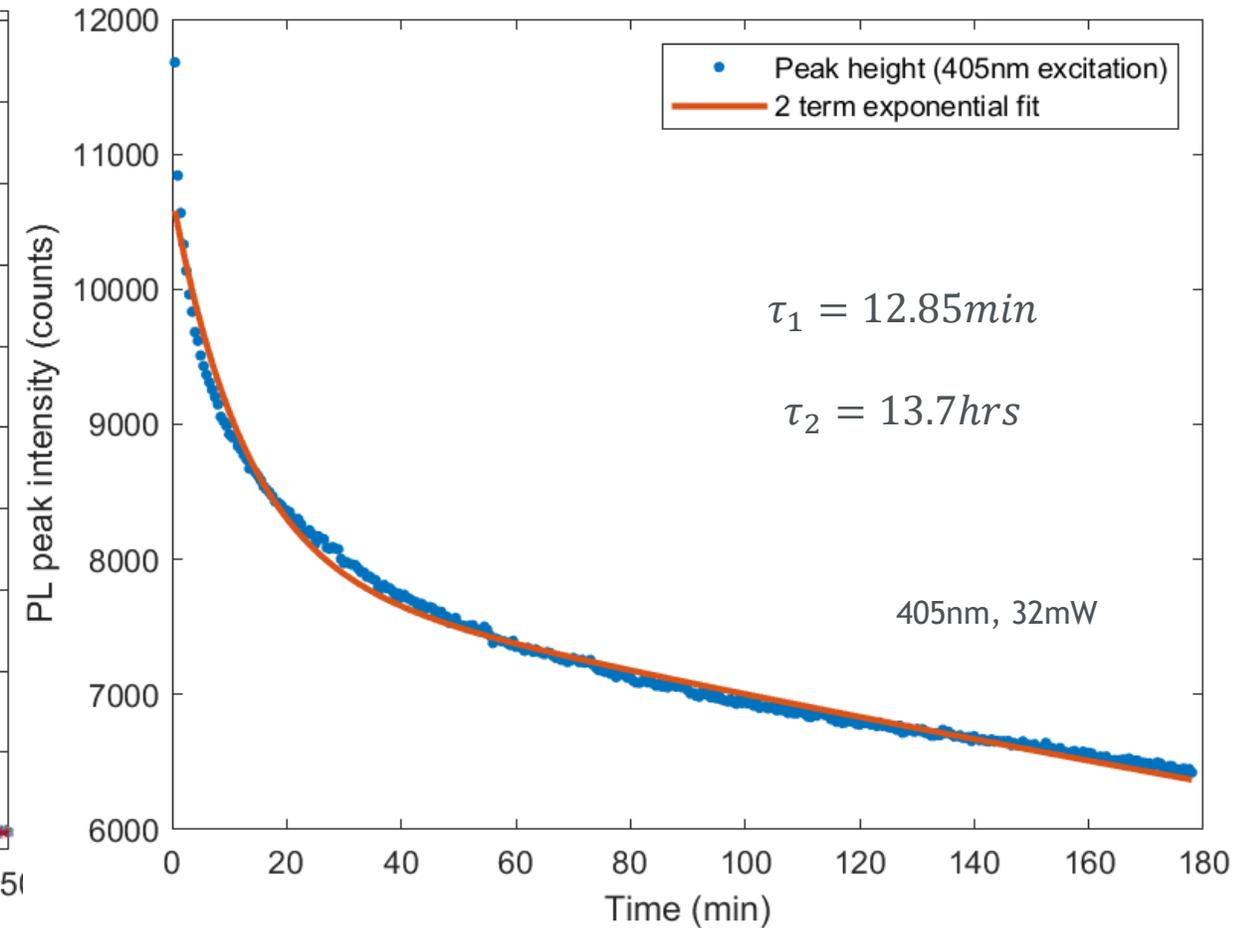
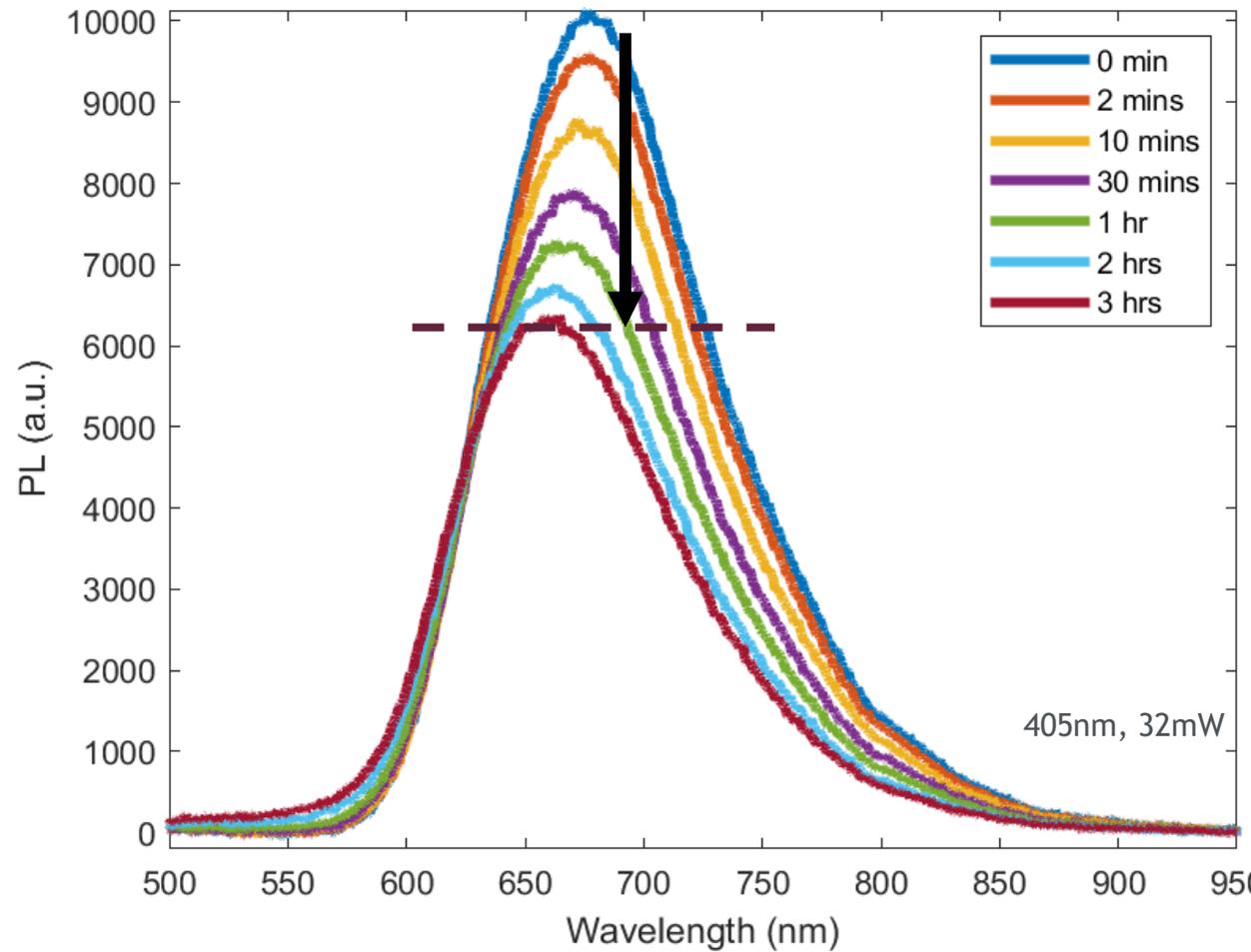


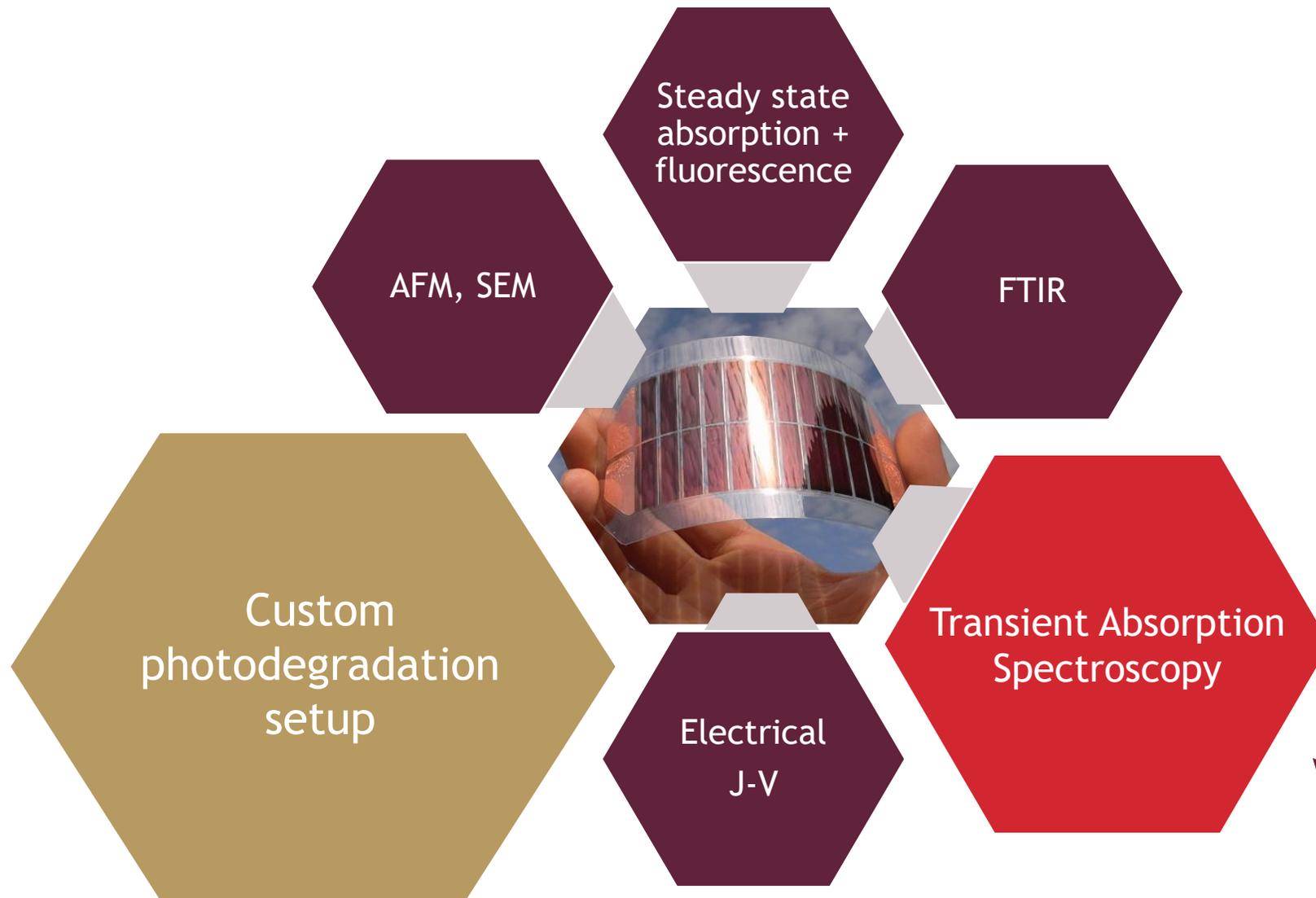


Time regime



Fluorescence intensity decay - a sign of photodegradation



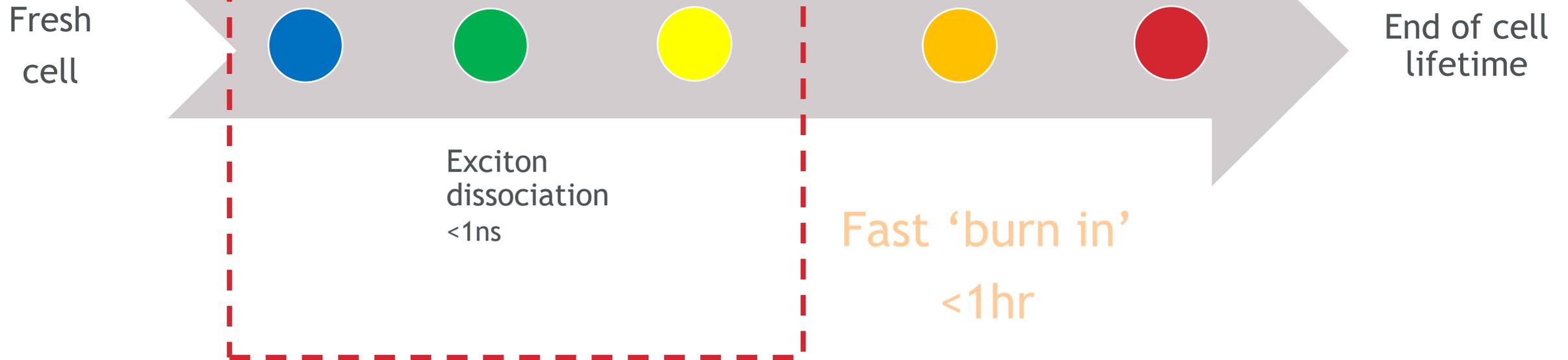


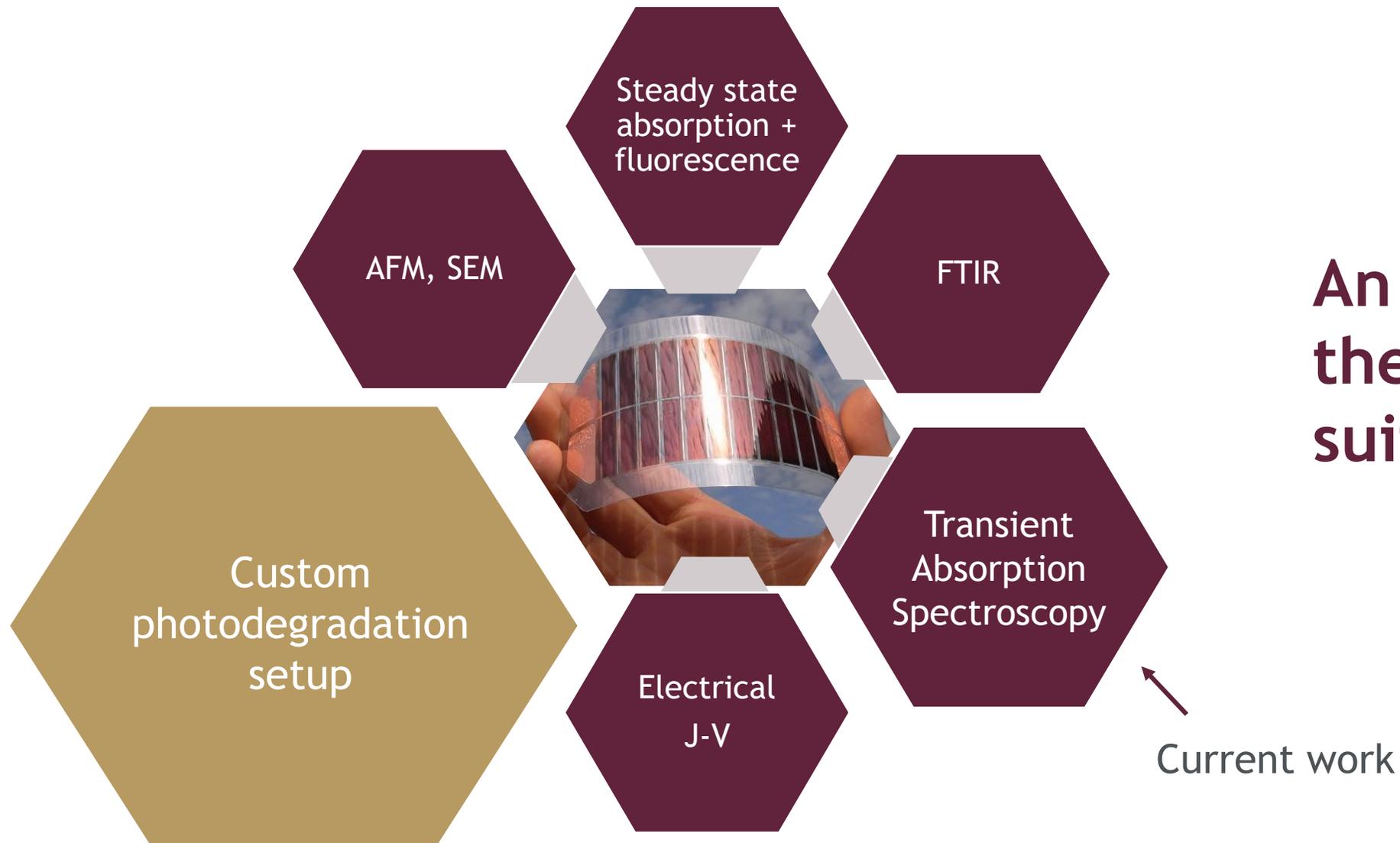
An addition to the testing suite.

What's next?
<1ns events



Time regime





An addition to the testing suite.