



Contribution ID: 259

Type: Oral Presentation

## Investigating sodium incorporated $\text{Li}_2\text{MnO}_3$ nanostructured cathodes for lithium-ion batteries

Thursday, 7 July 2022 12:30 (15 minutes)

Capacity degradation and voltage fade of  $\text{Li}_2\text{MnO}_3$  during cycling are the limiting factors for its practical use as a high capacity lithium-ion battery cathode. The incorporation of sodium ions in the lithium sites can mitigate voltage decay by limiting transition metal migration, impeding the oxygen loss and also improving lithium diffusion of Li-rich layered host materials. In this work, nanostructured  $\text{Li}_2\text{MnO}_3$  models have been generated via the simulated amorphisation and recrystallisation (A+R) technique employing the DL\_POLY code. Accordingly, sodium was partially introduced into the  $\text{Li}_2\text{MnO}_3$  lattice resulting in a series of  $\text{Li}_{2-x}\text{Na}_x\text{MnO}_3$  ( $0 \leq x \leq 2$ ) models of different lithium and sodium content. The generated models were subjected to various temperatures to determine the temperatures at which amorphisation and recrystallisation materialised. All the molecular dynamics calculations were carried out at temperatures between 1600-1800 K. Lithium-ion diffusion has been significantly increased in models with low sodium content. Particularly,  $\text{Li}_{1.975}\text{Na}_{0.025}\text{MnO}_3$  consisting of the lowest sodium content displayed a high diffusion rate. Characterisation of the x-ray diffraction patterns revealed peak broadening along with the shifting of peaks at  $2\theta \sim 38$  to the right due to the enlarged lithium layers occupied by sodium ions to facilitate lithium diffusion. These findings shed insights on the role of sodium substitution on the nanostructured  $\text{Li}_2\text{MnO}_3$  cathodes and will help guide the enhancement of high-capacity energy storage.

### Apply to be considered for a student ; award (Yes / No)?

Yes

### Level for award;(Hons, MSc, PhD, N/A)?

PhD

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**Session Classification:** Physics of Condensed Matter and Materials

**Track Classification:** Track A - Physics of Condensed Matter and Materials