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Phase Stability of Li2Mn1-xTMxO3 (TM= Ni, Co, Cr and Ru) Cathode Material Using Cluster Expansion and Monte Carlo Simulations

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Li₂MnO₃ has received great attention as potential cathode material due to its higher capacity, low cost and non-toxicity. However, its application is obstructed by its poor rate performance and structural degradation during cycling. Cationic dopants have been used to reduce the collapse of the structure and they tend to improve the performance of cathode materials. As such, it is highly desirable to identify new doped structures as a remedial technique to optimize the properties of Li₂MnO₃. In the current study, Cluster Expansion and Monte Carlo simulations were utilized to investigate the phase stability of Li₂Mn_{1-x}TM_x0₃ system (TM=Ni, Co, Cr and Ru). The binary ground state diagrams generated using Cluster Expansion yielded 73, 65, 90 and 83 new stable phases of Li₂Mn_{1-x}Ni_xO₃, Li₂Mn_{1-x}Co_xO<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni<sub>Ni Li₂Mn_{1-x}Cr_xO₃ and Li₂Mn_{1-x}Ru_xO₃ respectively. Monte Carlo simulations were used to determine high temperature properties for entire range of TM concentrations ($0 \le x \le 1$) and phase diagrams were constructed. The findings predicted Li $\le ub > 2 \le Mn \le 0.3 \le 0.3 \le 10^{-1}$ Li < sub > 2 < / sub > Mn < sub > 0.5 < / sub > 0.5 < /and Li₂Mn_{0.5}Ru_{0.5}O₃ as the most stable phases of doped Li₂MnO₃. These structures may be useful in future applications as electrode materials for lithium-ion batteries.

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MSc

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