

AfLS Conceptual Design Report

Tabbatha A. Dobbins

Professor

Dept. of Physics & Astronomy

Interim VP for Research

Rowan University, Glassboro, NJ



“The True Size of Africa”

Generated by Kai Krause (graphic designer)

<http://kai.sub.blue/en/africa.html>



THE AFRICAN LIGHTSOURCE

Towards a Lightsource for the African Continent



<http://www.africanlightsource.org/organizational-chart/afls-executive-committee/>

AfLS Executive Committee

SIMON CONNELL (CHAIR)



University of Johannesburg, South Africa
shconnell@uj.ac.za

SEKAZI MTINGWA (DEPUTY CHAIR)



TriSEED Consultants, USA
sekazi.mtingwa@gmail.com

SAPHINA BIIRA



Department of Physics, Busitema University, Uganda
bsaphina@yahoo.co.uk

THIERRY D'ALMEIDA



CEA France, X-TechLab Project Leader
kemthal@yahoo.fr
Thierry.dalmeida@cea.fr

EDWARD MITCHELL



European Synchrotron Research Foundation
mitchell@esrf.fr

PROSPER NGABONZIZA



Max Planck Institute, Germany and Rwanda
p.ngabonziza@fkf.mpg.de

LAWRENCE NORRIS

Arlington Science and Technology Alliance
lnorris@arlingtonscience.org

TSHEPO NTSOANE



(Necsa, SA)
Tshepo.Ntsoane@necsa.co.za

TABBETHA DOBBINS



Rowan University, USA
Dobbins@rowan.edu

SEHAM K. ABDEL-AAL



Physics Department, Cairo University and Egypt Nanotechnology Center
seham@sci.cu.edu.eg

NKEM KHUMBAH



University of Michigan and Cameroon, also STEM-Africa Initiative, Cameroon
nkhumbah@umich.edu

BRIAN MASARA



SA Institute of Physics and Zimbabwe
brian.masara@saip.org.za

AHMADOU WAGUE



UCAD, Senegal
ahmadou.wague@ucad.edu.sn

HERMAN WINICK



Emeritus, SLAC, Stanford, USA
winick@slac.stanford.edu

MOHAMMAD YOUSEF

Southern Illinois University USA and Cairo
myousef@siue.edu

Grenoble Resolutions towards the African Light Source

(<http://events.saip.org.za/conferenceDisplay.py/getPic?picId=70&confId=61>)

1. Advanced light sources are the most transformative scientific instruments similar to the invention of conventional lasers and computers.
2. Advanced light sources are revolutionizing a myriad of fundamental and applied sciences, including agriculture, biology, biomedicine, chemistry, climate and environmental eco-systems science, energy, engineering, geology, heritage studies, materials science, nanotechnology, paleontology, pharmaceutical discoveries, physics, with an accompanying impact on sustainable industry.
3. The community of researchers around the world are striving collaboratively to construct ever more intense sources of electromagnetic radiation, specifically derived from synchrotron light sources and X-ray free-electron lasers (XFELs), to address the most challenging questions in living and condensed matter sciences.
4. The African Light Source is expected to contribute significantly to the African Science Renaissance, the return of the African Science Diaspora, the enhancement of University Education, the training of a new generation of young researchers, the growth of competitive African industries, and the advancement of research that addresses issues, challenges and concerns relevant to Africa.
5. For African countries to take control of their destinies and become major players in the international community, it is inevitable that a light source must begin construction somewhere on the African continent in the near future, which will promote peace and collaborations among African nations and the wider global community.



THE AFRICAN LIGHTSOURCE



Towards a Lightsource for the African Continent

<http://www.africanlightsource.org/afls-roadmap-cdr/>

CDR Committee
(formed January
2020)

Riccardo	Bartolini	Diamond Light Source
Muaaz	Bhamjee	Univ. of Johannesburg
Dorian	Bohler	SLAC - Stanford University
George	Clerk	
Simon	Connell	Univ. of Johannesburg
Joseph	Daafuor	Univ. of Ghana- Legon
Christine	Darve	European Spallation Source (ESS)
Tabbatha	Dobbins	Rowan University
Kenneth	Evans-Lutterodt	Brookhaven National Laboratory
Benson	Frimpong	Univ. of Ghana- Legon
Nkem	Khumbah	University of Michigan
Ernie	Malamud	Jefferson Laboratory (retired)
Genito	Maure	Universidade Eduardo Mondlane
Ed	Mitchell	ESRF
Sekazi	Mtingwa	TriSEED, LLC
Marcus	Newton	Diamond Light Source
Prosper	Ngabonziza	MPI-Stuttgart
Lawrence	Norris	
Samuel	Sloetjes	Uppsala University
Herman	Winick	SLAC - Stanford University (retired)



THE AFRICAN LIGHTSOURCE

Towards a Lightsource for the African Continent

<http://www.africanlightsource.org/afls-roadmap-cdr/>



4 Volumes (Editor: Sekazi Mtingwa)

Volume I. Scientific, Socio-Economic, Educational and Political Benefits (Sub-editor :Marcus Newton)

Volume II. Machine Design Concepts (Sub-editor : Dorian Bohler*, Riccardo Bartolini, Christine Darve)

Volume III. Scientific Capabilities and Beamline Technical Concepts (Sub-editor : Kenneth Evans-Lutterodt*)

Volume IV. Technical Infrastructure and Building Design (Sub-editor :Simon Connell*, Rudolf Dimper , Nathaniel Reed-Yehuda)

Volume V. Multinational Project Finance and Governance Concepts (Sub-editor: Jean-Pierre Ezin, Connie McNeely, Simon Connell, Aba Andam, Paul Wofo)

“Big” Science

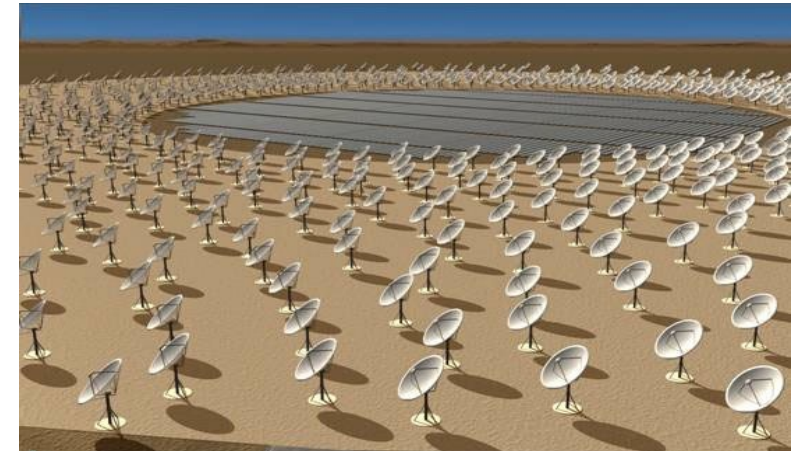
Institution



PI



Scholars/
Trainees



\$40-80M
(construction)



- Cost:** \$90-150M
(construction– depending on size & capabilities)
- Where:** Somewhere on the continent of Africa
- When:** Near term future
- How and Why:** Subject of this presentation

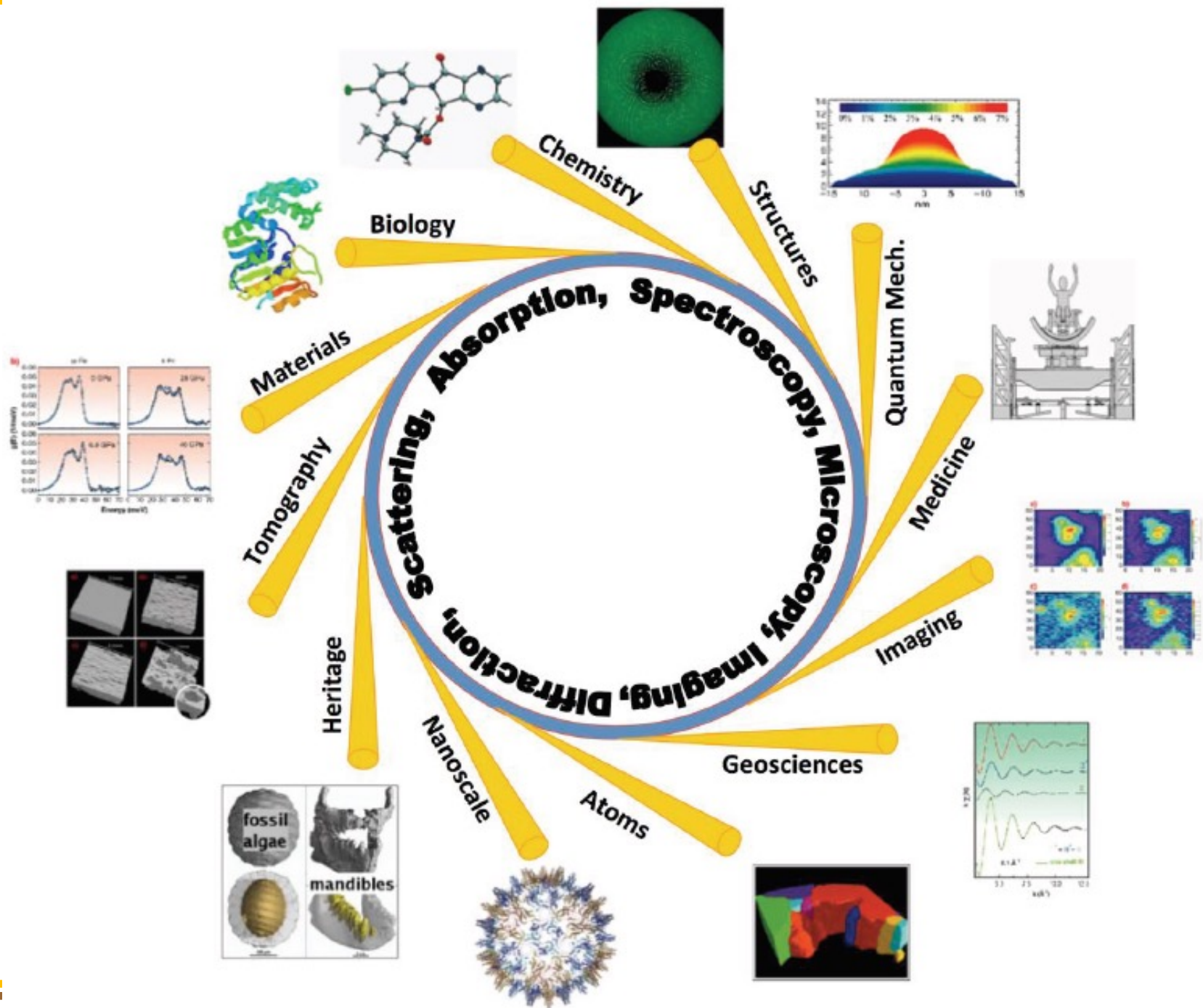
Light sources around the world



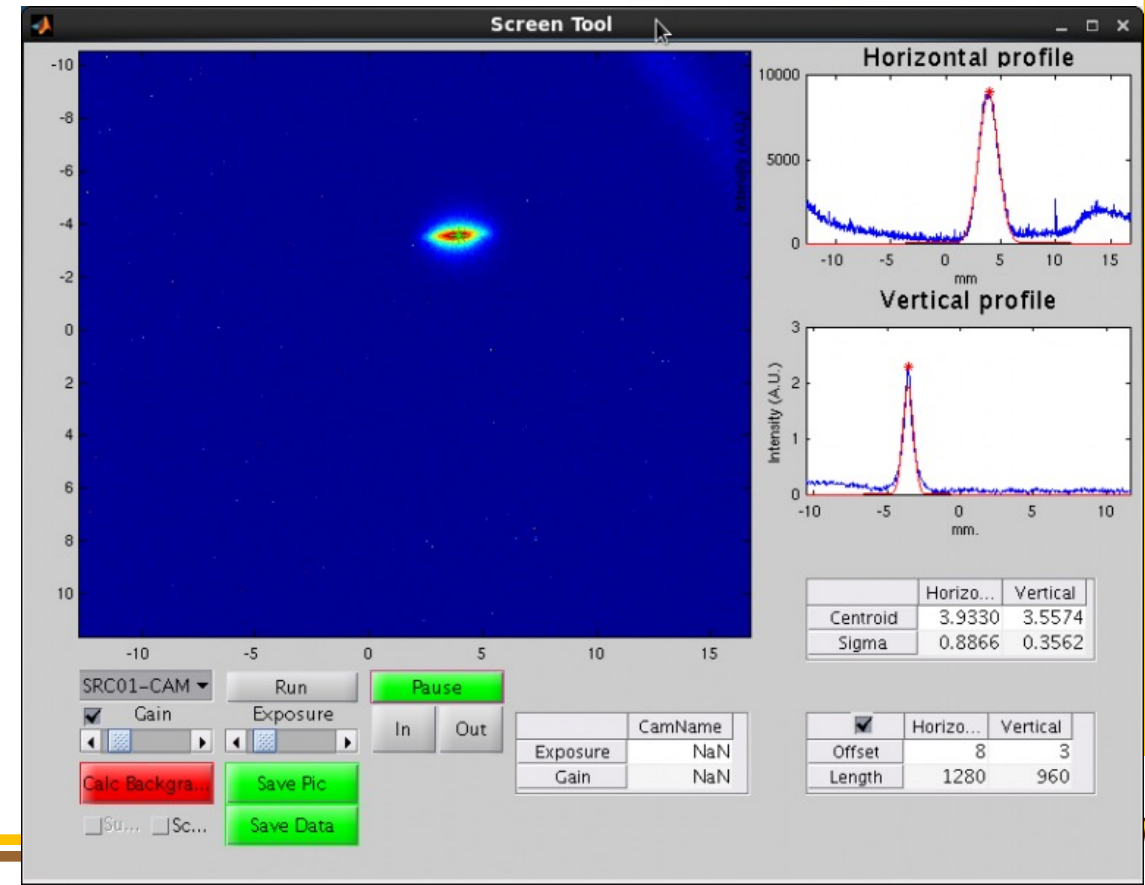
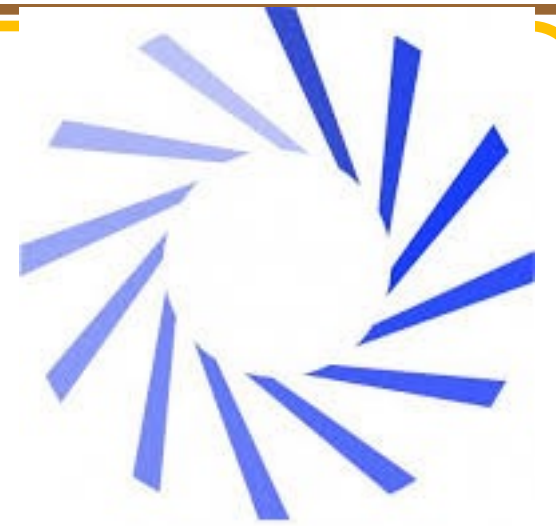
The Canadian Light Source has hosted over 3000 researchers from all over the world.

Canadian Light Source / Centre canadien de rayonnement synchrotron

Where our clients come from / 3rd generation synchrotron under construction



Science as a tool for Diplomacy





The African Light Source Project

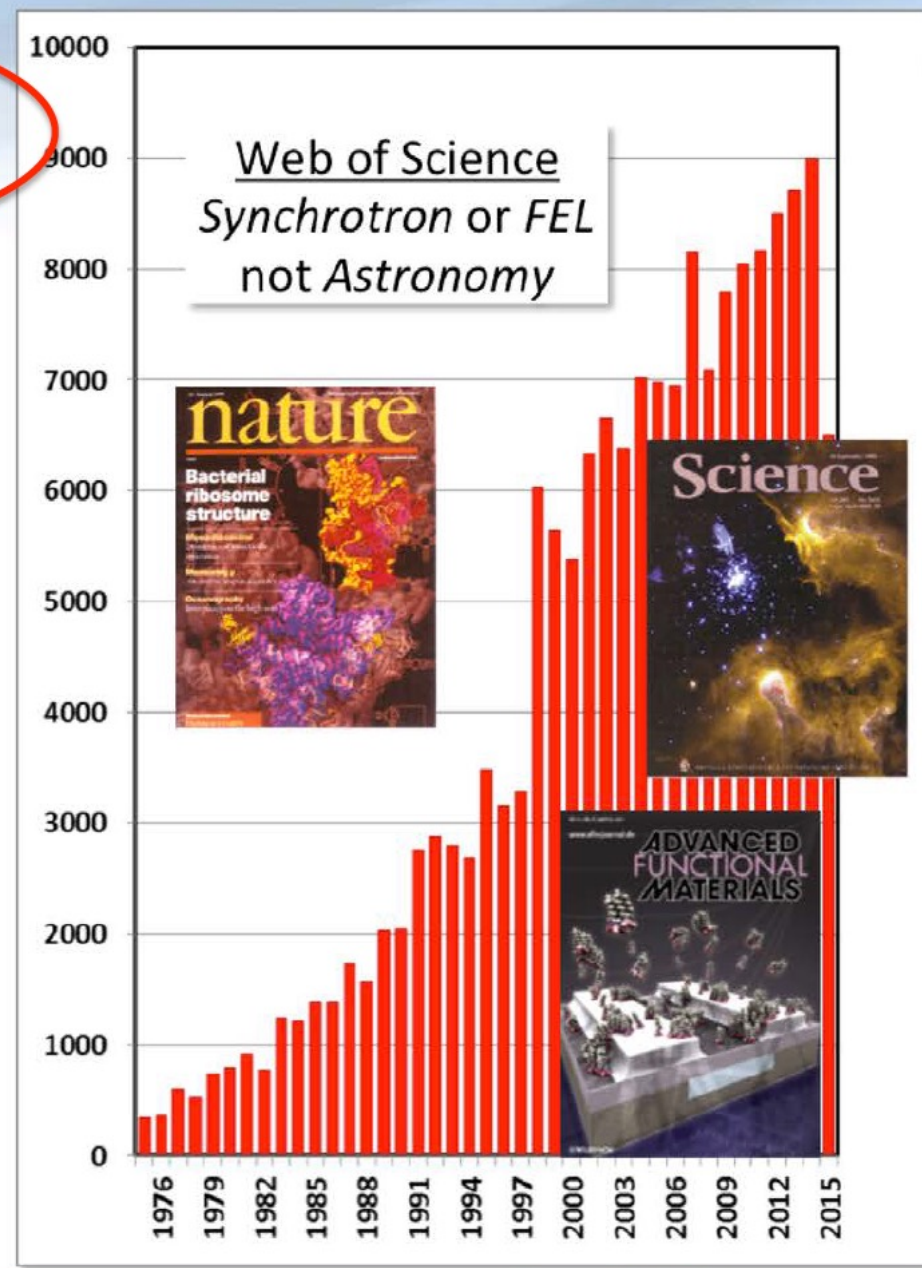
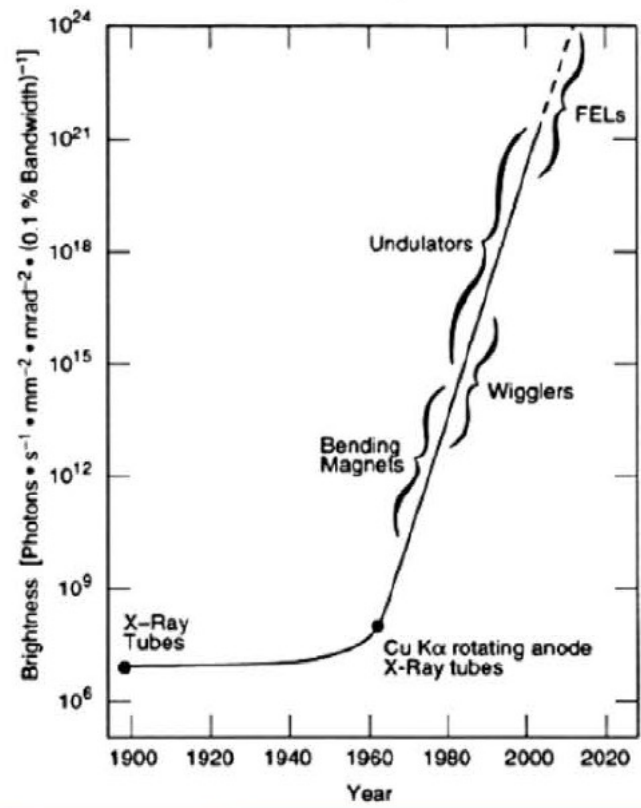


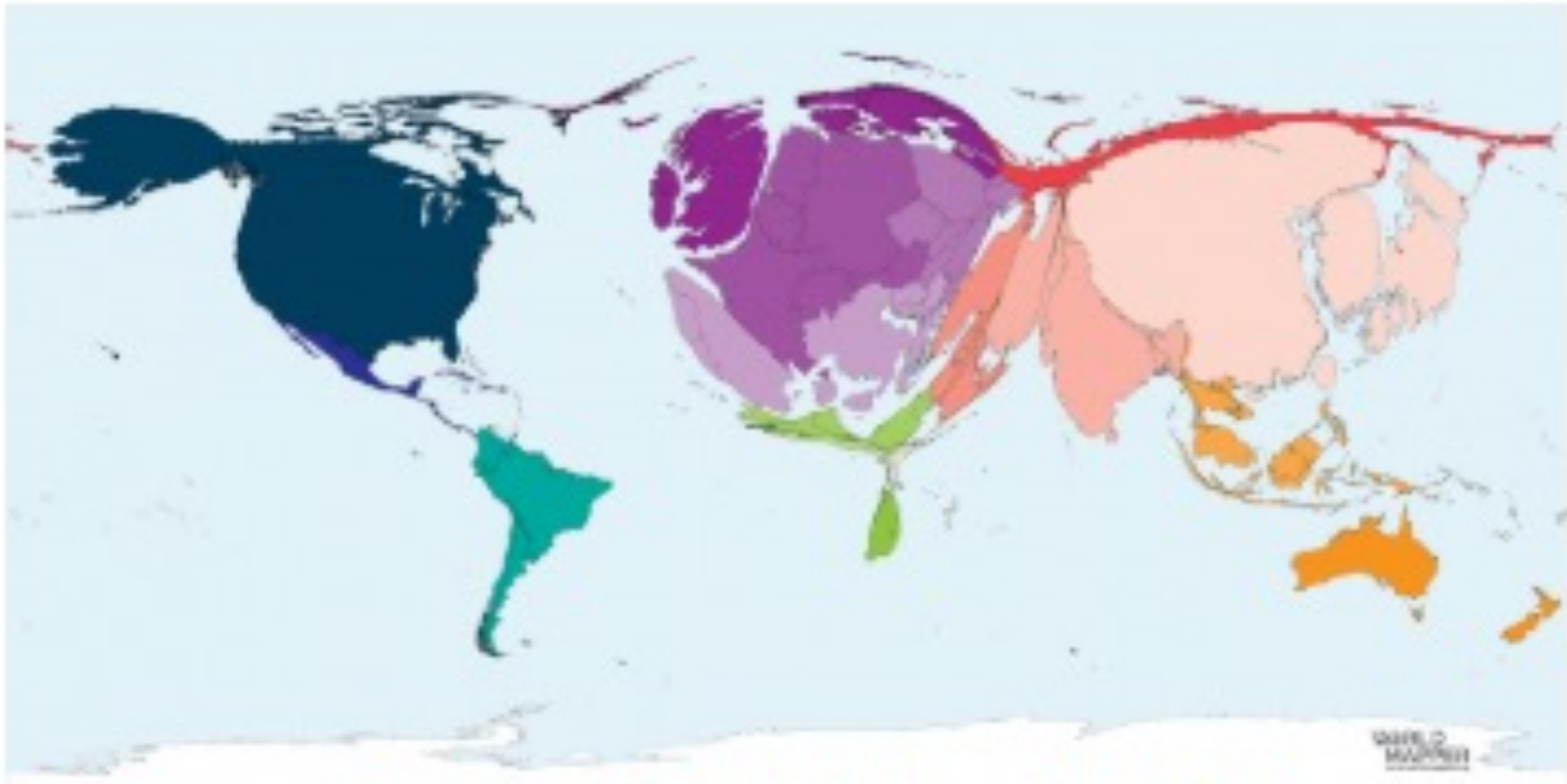
Socio-economic benefits

- Boost African Scientific Research, Research Capacity (Continent, regions, Institutes), Capacity Building - African Science Renaissance
- Global Research Community
- Tackling Diseases (Malaria, TB, Aids, Ebola)
- Unique African Research Opportunities attracting international collaboration : Energy opportunities, African Environment, Cradle of Humankind, Cradle of Culture, Mineral beneficiation, Agriculture.
- Mobility, Conferences, Schools, International Mentoring partnerships in student training, Regional Centres of Excellence, Local feeder instrumentation
- Build Research capacity in Industry, competitive industry
- **Science for Peace (eg SESAME – discussed this week)**
- Return of the African Science Diaspora - new opportunities for young excellent scientists
- For African countries to take control of their destinies and become major players in the international

Growth in Synchrotron Science

- Steady growth in past four decades – big jump in late 1990's fueled by 3rd-SRs





Science Papers Published 2016

<https://worldmapper.org>

Thank You.



African Light Source
AfricanLightSource.org
@AfSynchrotron

The African Light Source Project

S.H. Connell¹, S.K. Mtingwa², T. Dobbins³, B. Masara⁴, E.P. Mitchell⁵, L. Norris⁶, P. Ngabonziza^{7,1}, T. Ntsoane⁸, M. Sekota⁹, A. Wague¹⁰, H. Winick¹¹, M. Yousef¹²

1. University of Johannesburg, South Africa
2. TriSEED Consultants, LLC, North Carolina, USA
3. Rowan University, USA
4. South African Institute of Physics, Executive Office, South Africa
5. European Synchrotron Radiation Facility, Grenoble, France
6. African Physical Society
7. Max Planck Institute for Solid State Research, 70569 Stuttgart, Germany
8. The South African Nuclear Energy Corporation SOC Ltd (Necsa), Pretoria, South Africa
9. National University of Lesotho, P.O. Roma 180, Lesotho
10. Tamaro Toure University of Science and Technology, Dakar, Senegal
11. SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory, Stanford University, Stanford, California, USA
12. Cairo University, Egypt.

Biophysical Reviews
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s12551-019-00578-3>

COMMENTARY



and longer term and has a large impact on enlightenment, the eradication of ignorance and fundamental appreciation of all diversity. In this one of the most transformative mass research

Towards an African Light Source

Simon H. Connell¹ · Sekazi K. Mtingwa² · Tabbetha Dobbins³ · Nkem Khumbah⁴ · Brian Masara⁵ · Edward P. Mitchell⁶ · Lawrence Norris⁷ · Prosper Ngabonziza^{8,9} · Tshepo Ntsoane¹⁰ · Herman Winick¹¹

Received: 7 June 2019 / Accepted: 28 June 2019
© International Union for Pure and Applied Biophysics (IUPAB) and Springer-Verlag GmbH Germany, part of Springer Nature 2019

Introduction

An advanced light source (AdLS) presents itself as the most important scientific investment that Africa could construct at this

infrastructure must be both multi- and inter-disciplinary. The obvious candidate is the AdLS (LAAAMP 2018). Many have asked whether Africa is ready for such a technologically sophisticated large-scale scientific infrastructure. The answer is YES.