**SAIP2013** 



Contribution ID: 251

Type: Oral Presentation

## Fine structure of the Isoscalar Giant Quadrupole Resonance using proton inelastic scattering at 200 MeV in spherical to highly deformed neodymium isotopes

Wednesday, 10 July 2013 14:10 (20 minutes)

#### Abstract content <br> &nbsp; (Max 300 words)

Proton inelastic scattering measurements have been performed at iThemba Laboratory for Accelerator Based Sciences, using the state-of-the-art K600 Magnetic Spectrometer. This is one of the only two facilities in the world with a unique capability of high energy-resolution measurements at medium energies. The 200 MeV proton beams were delivered by the Separated Sector Cyclotron (SSC). As a result, fine structure has been observed in the region of the Isoscalar Giant Quadrupole Resonance (ISGQR) in five stable even-even neodymium (from spherical to highly deformed) target nuclei, namely, <sup>142</sup>Nd, <sup>144</sup>Nd, <sup>146</sup>Nd, <sup>148</sup>Nd and <sup>150</sup>Nd. Nuclei with mass number <i>A</i> ≈ 150 and neutron number <i>N</i> ≈ 90 are particularly of special interest since they occupy that region of the nuclide chart wherein the onset of permanent prolate deformation occurs. The stable even-even neodymium (<i>Z</i> = 60) isotopes have been chosen in the present study in order to investigate the influence of the onset of deformation on the excitation energy spectra in the ISGQR region ( $9 \le \langle i > E < /i > \langle sub > x < /sub > \leq 15$  MeV), since they extend from the semi-magic <i>N</i> = 82 nucleus (<sup>142</sup>Nd) to the permanently deformed <i>N</i> = 90 (<sup>150</sup>Nd) nucleus. In order to enhance the ISGQR in the excitation energy spectra measured, a Discrete Wavelet Transform (DWT) background subtraction was carried out. A comparison of the resonance widths extracted shows a systematic broadening of the ISGQR, moving from spherical to highly deformed nuclei as has already been observed for the Isovector Giant Dipole Resonance (IVGDR) excited by &gamma-capture. Energy scales were extracted for the resonance region using the Continuous Wavelet Transform (CWT) technique. Another important further step which has been conducted is the extraction of 2<sup>+</sup> nuclear level densities from the fine structure in the region of the ISGQR. Experimental details, data extraction and analysis techniques, together with preliminary results will be presented.

### Apply to be<br> considered for a student <br> &nbsp; award (Yes / No)?

No

Level for award<br>&nbsp;(Hons, MSc, <br> &nbsp; PhD)?

PhD

#### Main supervisor (name and email)<br>and his / her institution

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# Would you like to <br> submit a short paper <br> for the Conference <br> Proceedings (Yes / No)?

No

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Session Classification: NPRP

Track Classification: Track B - Nuclear, Particle and Radiation Physics